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Wine-glass of Bacardi
Juice of half a lime
One lump of ice
Serve in high-ball glass
Add Sparkling Water.

BACARDI GROG

One quart of Bacardi
One pound of Sugar
One quart of Serravallo's Oolong Tea
Use the grog, adding equal
Part of very hot water
Serve with slices of lemon
Dissolve sugar in hot water.

BACARDI HIGHBALL

Place a piece of ice in glass
One glass of Bacardi
Fill glass with Sparkling Water.

BACARDI MILK PUNCH

One Glass hot Milk
One tablespoonful of sugar
A pinch of nutmeg
The yolk of an egg
A glass of Bacardi
Beat up thoroughly the yolk of the
egg with the sugar
Add milk Bacardi and nutmeg
Mix it thoroughly
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THE S.S. "FUSHUN."

BRITISH-BUILT VESSEL FOR
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The *Fushun*, a shallow-draft twin-screw cargo and passenger boat, designed and built by John I. Thornycroft & Co. Ltd., to the order of Mr. Fung Kan Yu, of Hongkong, for service on the Upper Yangtze River of China, passed satisfactory trials early in September.

The principal dimensions of the *Fushun* are as follows:—Length overall, 147ft. 8in.; breadth moulded, 29ft.; depth moulded, 8ft. 6in.; draft, mean F.W., 6ft.; deadweight on 6ft. draft, 103 tons; deadweight on 8ft. draft, 201 tons; measurement of space about 23,000 cubic feet; complement, 45 officers and crew, 136 passengers. Her speed is 13.9 knots with oil or coal.

The vessel is built of Siemens-Martin mild steel, and has a cut-away forefoot of a type suitable for working in the rapids of the river. The stern protects the rudders, which pass up through the counter, and are suspended on glands with ball bearings. A pole mast is fitted to carry head light and for signalling purposes. The hull is divided into nine compartments by means of eight transverse bulkheads, and a trimming tank is placed forward of No. 1 hold. There are three decks, i.e., main deck, passenger deck, and sun deck. The passenger deck is arranged for 24 first and 54 second-class Chinese passengers, and the necessary cooking arrangements and lavatories are arranged on this deck. The vessel can also carry 34 third-class passengers. The accommodation for the crew is under the fore-castle deck.

First-class accommodation for four Europeans is arranged at the fore end of the sun deck, with a mess room, tastefully arranged with dining table, portable chairs, sideboard and mirror, etc. The chief compartment is accommodated in a room placed aft of the first-class Chinese staterooms on the passenger deck, and a steward's room is on the opposite side. First-class Chinese saloon is arranged in the forward deckhouse on the passenger deck, with five 4-berth and two 2-berth first-class Chinese staterooms, aft of this are also arranged two 9-berth cabins alongside the engine casing for accommodating passengers or the ship's staff as may be required. Electric bells are fitted up in all the first-class passengers' and officers' rooms and also in the saloons. A second-class saloon is allocated aft of the engine-room casing, and eight second-class 4-berth staterooms arranged in the aft deck house. The cabins for captain, chief engineer, and a bath-room are arranged at the fore end of the sun deck. Holds are conveniently arranged for cargo. The vessel is supplied with two repeating telegraphs on the bridge. The steam steering gear is by Messrs. John Hasting & Co. Ltd. The steam windlass and warping capstan by Messrs. Clarke, Chapman & Co., are of exceptional power to meet the heavy duties of the passages of the rapids. A hand capstan is fitted aft on the main deck. The electric installation consists of a 4 k.w. 110 volt generator of open compound wound type driven by an independent enclosed forced lubrication steam engine 34 by 3 direct coupled. The steering position on the sun deck is completely enclosed in a screen of bullet-proof plating as a protection against sniping from the banks.

The propelling machinery is arranged amidships, and consists of two sets of high-speed inverted direct acting triple-expansion engines, constructed for a working pressure of 250 lbs. per square inch. The cylinders are 11 1/2 in., 18 1/2 in., and 32 in. by 15 in. stroke. There is one condenser common to both engines. The cranks, pins and webs are forged solid and bearing journal shrunk into bolts. The boilers are two in number of the Thornycroft latest water tube type arranged to burn coal or oil as desired, and capable of supplying steam for the continuous development of 1,750 h.p. The oil fuel system is the Thornycroft, which has been very largely used in connection with water tube boilers of various types. The *Fushun* was to proceed East under her own steam, so as to reach Hongkong before the monsoon, and undergo a final delivery trial before handing over to the owner, Mr. Fung Kan Yu, of Victoria, Hongkong, by whom the order for the vessel was placed with Mr. R. B. Roxburgh, the resident representative in Shanghai of Messrs. John I. Thornycroft & Co., Ltd.

LORD LAMBOURNE'S BET.
TENANT FARMER'S GIANT
ASPARAGUS.

A story of a bet between Lord Lambourne, who is a keen agriculturist, and a tenant farmer on his Essex estate has just come to light.

Many years ago Lord Lambourne wagered the farmer a guinea that he could not grow bigger asparagus than his himself. Nothing was said about the matter until recently, when the farmer called on Lord Lambourne and claimed his guinea. "I wagered him that he would not grow anything as big as the French asparagus that I grow," Lord Lambourne told a reporter afterwards. "He has not only been successful in doing so, but he also grew the biggest asparagus I have ever seen, so I paid him the guinea."

FEMININE WORK IN CHINA.
A MARKET IN EUROPE AND AMERICA.

[BY MARY STANTON.]

During the last quarter of a century there has grown up in China a flourishing trade in the skilled handwork of women. A ready market for this work is found in all parts of Europe and America.

The native embroideries in silk and tinsel which find favour in fashion's ateliers to-day testify to the Chinese woman's skill with her needle. They reveal a painstaking care to which nothing is too small to be done perfectly, for fine attention to detail and inexhaustible patience in its performance are well known characteristics of the Chinese nation.

Missionary women have taken advantage of these traits to develop among the girls brought under their care the European crafts of lace-making and embroidery upon linen. In every orphanage for unwanted girls the workroom is the chief means of support for its inmates. Here, during the daylight hours, one may see row upon row of wooden tables, and, bending over embroidery frames or lace pillows, a hundred oiled and neatly braided heads.

CROSS-STITCHED LINENS.

From the age of eight or nine years a Chinese girl is trained to sew. Usually cross-stitched linens of a simple nature are her first attempt at ornamental work. This easy medium, it may be mentioned, has latterly captured a considerable portion of the trade in hand-sewn articles coming from the Far East. The designs, chiefly of Oriental inspiration, are worked in a variety of colours upon native material made from ramie fibre, commonly called "grass cloth."

There seems to be no form of European needlework which the Chinese woman cannot execute. Broderie Anglaise, Richelieu, Rose Point, Point de Venise, and fillet lace are displayed in the windows of scores of shops in Shanghai, and are exported in vast quantities to Europe and America. More than half the hand-made lace sold in London or New York to-day is produced by Chinese fingers.

EXQUISITE NEEDLEWORK.

The workroom from which comes the most exquisite needlework in all China is under the direction of French nuns at Zikawei, a suburb of Shanghai. This convent "ouvroir" is one of the sights of the town, not to be missed by the visitor who delights in beautiful stitchery. Here wedding trousseaux and wonderful layettes are turned out in the finest cambric and crepe-de-chine. So rich and exact is the work that it can best be described as "fit for any princess."

A great deal of Torcheon lace comes from Amoy, in South China. The making of this lacy lace was first taught about 30 years ago by an Englishwoman to a handful of Chinese girls. She supplied them with pillows, bobbins, threads, and patterns, and promised them a market for their work. The guild thus formed increased in numbers and became a thriving industry. It has remained under the direction of an English lady, and the high standard for flawless work set by the foundress has never been allowed to fall.

CHEFOO LACE.

No article on the industry of lace-making in China would be complete without reference to Chefoo lace. At this northern port a great deal of Torcheon and Cluny lace is turned out for markets abroad. It is of good wearing quality, but on the whole is not of such superlative finish as the Amoy lace.

Though she cannot compete with the skilled workers of Italy and France, whose embroidery seems to live, so perfect is each flower and leaf, the Chinese worker can produce excellent Torcheon and Rose Point lace which would be the pride of any woman. When working under European guidance the native needlewoman's work is at its best. Unfortunately, when left to herself she does not seem able to sustain the same high level of good work.

The aptitude of the Chinese girl for needlework has been her salvation. She is looked upon less as an encumbrance, to be married off as soon as possible, and more as an individual able to supplement the family income, and therefore entitled to a modicum of consideration.

DEATH OF MRS. GATTI.

LINK WITH LONDON'S PAST
THEATRICAL LIFE.

Mrs. Gatti, mother of Messrs. John M. and Rocco Gatti, the theatre and restaurant proprietors, died in London on September 17th. She had been seriously ill for some months—almost since last Christmas—at her house in Carlton Hill, W., and she was in her 70th year. Julia Gatti—"Madame," as she was generally called—was the wife of Agostino Gatti, the elder of the two brothers who came from Italy to London in the 'sixties.

Agostino and his brother Stephano first went into the entertainment business in the 'seventies. They directed the promenade concerts at the Opera House, Covent Garden. Their restaurant in the Strand became a famous rendezvous. "The Galleries" were a famous supper-time resort with theatrical people, and "Madame" Gatti was a very charming and popular figure there.

As time went on her husband and his brother acquired the freeholds of the Adelphi and the Vaudeville theatres, thus achieving positions of real importance and dignity in London theatrical circles.

Mrs. Gatti died a great-grandmother. Her son, Mr. John M. Gatti, who was educated at Oxford and is a barrister by profession, was Mayor of Westminster 1911-12, and is chairman of the Finance Committee of the London County Council.

He is, with his brother Mr. Rocco Gatti, joint owner of the Adelphi and the Vaudeville theatres.

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LOCAL SPORT.

REGIMENTAL BOXING.
CAPITAL DISPLAY AT MURRAY
BARRACKS LAST NIGHT.
CUP WON BY NO. 4 PLATOON.

[BY GADGOLD.]

The Inter-Platoon boxing tournament for the Montague Bates Platoon Challenge Cup was concluded at the Murray Barracks last night when the cup was won by No. 4 Platoon. The points won by the various platoons were as follows:

No. 4 Platoon	11
No. 1 (M.G. Sec.)	8
Drummers	5
No. 9	3
Nos. 12, 13, 14	1
Nos. 15, 16	1

There was a large gathering present including H.E. the Governor, Sir Edward Stubbs, Major-General C. C. Luard, Capt. Swinton, and Mr. A. G. M. Fletcher. Lieut. Colonel Montague Bates was the referee.

The results follow:

SEMI-FINALS.

NO. 2 SECTION M.G.P. v. DRUMMERS.

In a light-heavy-weight contest, L/C Brand (No. 2) was too good for Cpl. Muffett (Drms.). Muffett was afraid of his opponent and was content to be chased around the ring. Brand, however, got after him and punished him heavily. In the third round, however, Muffett tried to fight but always got the worst of the exchanges. Brand won easily.

Middle-weights, Sgt. Mitchell (No. 2) v. Pte. Hooper (Drms.). The sergeant started the fight with a hurricane rush and Hooper was continually forced to cover. He gave in before the end of the round.

In a welter-weight fight Pte. Jeffries (No. 2) met Dmr. Hutchins. The boxing was rather crude but both men stood up and fought each other. Hutchins took the count before the first round ended.

In a second fight at the same weight Pte. Vigar (No. 2) was matched with Pte. White (Drms.). This was another short fight, White retiring before the end of the first round, after receiving heavy body punishment in his own corner.

In a light-weight fight L/C Clarke (No. 2) clashed with Pte. Newman (Drms.). Both men fought hard in the first round, with Clarke slightly superior. Clarke began the second round very severely, but Newman—though lighter—fought back continually. Clarke did most of the attacking. After a good third round, Newman was given the decision.

Another light-weight contest saw L/C Dewberry (No. 2) clash with L/C Hawley (Drms.). Hawley, after a very poor show, was forced to give in before the first round ended.

Drummer Bowles was far too good for Pte. Williams (No. 2) and disposed of him in the first round in a feather-weight contest.

Cpl. Petter (No. 2) met Dmr. Simpson (Drms.) in the bantamweight class. Simpson forced the fighting and Petter was compelled to cover often. In the second round, although for the most part chased round the ring, Petter occasionally landed a blow. Simpson made his man give in before the end of the third round.

In a flyweight contest, Pte. Powers (No. 2) met Dmr. Baker (Drms.). A poor first round saw Baker superior. Powers continually retreated. In the second round, he woke up a little, but lacked science. After a third round, Baker won on points.

The Drummers won by 5 fights to 4.

NO. 4 PLATOON v. NO. 1 SEC. M.G.P.

In a light-heavy-weight contest, Pte. Webber (No. 4) clashed with Pte. Golding (No. 1). Golding forced the fighting and chased his opponent around the ring, often landing to the jaw with his right. But the blows seemed to lack vim. In the second round, Webber was counted out as he sat on the ropes.

Pte. Roberts (No. 14) met L/C Wright in a middle-weight contest. Roberts bored in and punished his opponent heavily at in-fighting. After a few heavy exchanges, he knocked his man out. L/C Alderman (No. 4) faced Cpl. Pike (No. 1). Alderman continually led with his left and sometimes followed up smartly with his right. Pike was crude, but he never flinched. The fight was stopped in the last round in favour of Alderman.

Pte. Cooper (No. 4) met Pte. Ballard (No. 1). There was little fighting in the first round and that was all by Cooper. There was less fighting in the second round. Ballard in particular was prone to retreat. A poor exhibition, only about half a dozen blows being landed throughout. Cooper was given the verdict.

In a light-weight contest, Pte. Williams represented No. 4 against Pte. Dewberry (No. 1). Williams was too big and heavy for his opponent and had the better of the first round.

Dewberry, however, fought well, and was far from having the worse of matters in the second round. He let his opponent do most of the attacking. Williams won.

Pte. Tucker (No. 4) met Pte. Masters in the featherweight. Tucker attacked fiercely and knocked his man out in the first round.

In the bantam Pte. Brown (4) clashed with L/C Rock (1). After a few exchanges Rock went to the floor and failed to rise in time.

No. 4 won by 6 fights to 3.

BOY MASEY v. BOY RAMSAY.

Boy Massey and Boy Ramsay, of the Garrison School, met for six one-minute rounds for the Garrison School Bantam-Weight Championship.

A fine first round saw Ramsay forcing the pace and for a time he had the best of matters. There followed some hard fighting; Massey used straight lefts to advantage, but Ramsay employed both hands well and often. Ramsay continued his superiority in the second round, but was often erratic. He gave his opponent not a moment's peace and tired him with blows to the body and face. Massey was shaken as the round ended. Massey was fine on his feet and had a taking style, but young Ramsay often beat his defence down. Massey, however, was not far behind on points in the third round.

Massey used his left judiciously in the fourth round, but tiger-like and untiringly Ramsay attacked and scored on points. Massey when rushed by his opponent let drop his arms and his opponent's right frequently got home. Leading with the left and following up with the right, Massey did well in the fifth round, but Ramsay continued his aggressive tactics. Both boys sparred for some time for an opening in the last round. Massey got home first; then Ramsay, taking up the attack landed with left and right to the face, but Massey was wonderfully game. There was no doubt about the decision. Ramsay was ahead all along. Massey was conspicuous for his style.

FINALS.

NO. 4 PLATOON v. DRUMMERS.

Light-heavyweights, Cpl. Muffett (Drms.) v. Pte. Webber (No. 4). This was a very poor fight. Neither knew much about boxing. In the second round, a wild fight ensued and after some crude bustling and hitting Webber went down thrice. Though he rose each time, he went out in the last round.

Pte. Roberts (No. 4) v. Pte. Hooper (Drms.) in the middle-weights. Hooper covered continually and Roberts knocked him out early in the second round.

L/C Alderman (No. 4) and Pte. White (Drms.) met in the welter-weights. Alderman, after about a minute and a half's fighting, stretched his opponent on the canvas with a left uppercut.

In the light-weight, Pte. Cooper represented No. 4 against Pte. Newman (Drms.). Newman was floored with a nasty right in the first round, but it did not appear to make him uneasy and he fought well. He made his opponent waste most of his blows. Cooper attacked strongly in the second round and got ahead on points. He continued his aggressive tactics in the last round and won.

In another light-weight fight Pte. Williams (No. 4) met L/C Hawley (Drms.). Williams did as he pleased, but his blows were none too strong, otherwise he would have floored his opponent in the first round. He, however, managed it in the second round.

In a feather-weight contest Pte. Tucker (No. 4) met Dmr. Bowles (Drms.). Tucker fought well, but was no class against Bowles. He went out in the first round.

Pte. Woolcott (No. 4) met Dmr. Baker in the fly-weights. A good slashing first round saw Woolcott landing often, but Baker did not appear to be discomfited. Three times in quick succession, Woolcott crashed his right home to Baker's jaw early in the second round. Baker replied with a right to the chin. Woolcott seemed confident, but he failed to tire his opponent. Both boxers smashed hard in the third round and Baker beat his opponent in boxing and fighting. He had, however, left it too late and Woolcott won narrowly on points.

NAVAL MARRED ALLOWANCE.

QUESTION TO BE RAISED IN THE COMMONS.

From letters which have appeared in our columns since the decision of the Government with regard to naval officers' marriage allowance was announced, it is evident that the matter is not to be allowed to rest, says a writer in the *Naval and Military Record*. Those directly concerned are inarticulate, as they are in all service questions, and those who are championing their cause have to begin the fight over again, but with experience that should be useful.

Apparently the question will be raised again in the House of Commons on November 17th, when Mr. Gerald Harrison will inquire what is to become of the £250,000 voted in the Navy Estimates for marriage allowance to naval officers. It is to be hoped that an opportunity will be afforded on that occasion to test the claim of the officers in public. Married officers and all ranks of the Army and Royal Air Force are in receipt of marriage allowance, as also are the petty officers and men of the Royal Navy.

A comparison of the rates of pay of officers of the Navy with those of corresponding rank in the sister services seems to place the naval officer in a position of equality in this respect with other officers in the fighting services. There is a widespread feeling that the refusal is due to the objections of certain senior naval officers who are opposed to young officers marrying. If that be the case, the reasons ought to be publicly stated.

SCOTTISH SPORT.

LEAGUE FOOTBALL SURPRISES.

GOOD GOLFING SCORES.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

EDINBURGH, September 16th.

The League games furnished a series of results that bordered on the sensational. It is early in the season to talk of form, but the defeats of Airdrieonians and Rangers and the success of Dundee United, in the light of recent performances of these clubs, were unexpected occurrences. Airdrieonians, however, showed no lack of ability in their play. Rangers' defeat at Aberdeen was altogether of a different nature, as for practically an hour of the game the champions were clearly the inferior team. Nor can the defeat of the Ibrox team be saddled on any particular section. Their defence was completely mastered three times, was repeatedly in difficulties in addition, and the Ibrox attack failed to score—the solitary goal gained by the Glasgow team occurring from a penalty. The reverse, following up the team's failure the previous week at Airdrie, cannot but create misgivings amongst Rangers' extensive following. The leadership of the competition has passed meantime to Celtic, who trounced so capable a side as Cowdenbeath by 6 goals to 1. The advance of St. Mirren is a gratifying feature, and their ascension to second position from the top is but confirmation of the promise of their closing performance last season. Still unbeaten, St. Mirren are two points ahead of Hearts of Midlothian, who in marking their initial victory in the campaign inflicted upon Clydebank the severe trouncing of seven goals to none. The success of Dundee United, who beat St. Johnstone at Perth, was no less surprising than the occurrences at Kirkcaldy and Aberdeen. It was the first victory of the promoted club, and although it was obtained by the narrowest possible margin, on play the point went to the better team. Dundee continue to displease their supporters, as they have not won a game since their success against Morton in the opening match of the season. The week's results were:

Aberdeen, 3; Rangers, 1.
Celtic, 6; Cowdenbeath, 1.
Dundee, 2; Hamilton A.C., 2.
Hearts, 7; Clydebank, 0.
Kilmarnock, 2; Morton, 0.
Motherwell, 2; Hibernian, 1.
Partick Thistle, 2; Falkirk, 3.
Raith Rovers, 2; Airdrieonians, 1.
St. Johnstone, 0; Dundee United, 1.
St. Mirren, 3; Queen's Park, 1.
Dundee United, 1; Queen's Park, 2.
In the Glasgow Cup, first round, Celtic beat Partick Thistle after a grand fight.

The open amateur champion of Ireland is T. Torrance, a popular London Scot, who played for Great Britain in the last Walker Cup contest. Throughout the week he played superbly on the wind-swept links of Portrush and in the final he beat Major C. O. Hazlet, also a Scot. Walker Cup player by four and three. It is not often that a championship proof is not of an excellent final, and a very large crowd assembled to witness the struggle between the two internationalists.

Cyril J. H. Tolley, the ex-Amateur Champion and British internationalist, is the first holder of the Glenegles Silver Tassie, the handsome trophy in the form of a Scottish quich for Scottish amateurs. The runner-up was Robert Harris, the Amateur Champion, who, playing in partnership with the winner, had two rounds of 75 each for an aggregate of 150, nine strokes above Tolley's figures.

The Scottish cricket season has virtually closed in the Western Union Championship competition. Greenock, by defeating Kilmarnock, carried off the honours. Drumpellier defeated Fergallie and Kelburne lost to Clydesdale, while a failing light brought about a premature close to the game between Uddingston and Ayr when the local club were within sight of victory.

COLD WEATHER FABRICS.

This is to be a season of patterned materials. Checks, dots, dashes, circles, cubist designs, and tapestry effects show the vogue for plenty of well-blended colour on coats and frocks.

"Tamisen" is one of the smartest fabrics of the hour.

Speckled ribbed velvet and boldly checked velvet are novelties for wrap coats. Frieze velvet, too, is to be much used for these garments.

Hopsack in fancy checks is the distinctly smart material which some dress-makers are "discovering" this season for making two-piece suits.

"Tweed effects in fine materials" are proving a great attraction in Paris. The weaving and patterns of tweeds are cleverly simulated in silks and silk mixtures.

Velvets are enjoying a "boom." There are some lovely materials which show velvet patterns on a thin background. Trimmings of velvet are very fashionable. Velvet trims lamé brocade used for theatre cloaks, and soft georgettes for dance gowns. Velvet sashes, velvet collars, and velvet hems are continually appearing.

Every kind of stripe is fashionable, but the favourite is undoubtedly the diagonal, which lends itself to the most bold designs.

Lamé, more beautiful than ever, is again the most favoured of evening materials.

SCOTTISH LETTER.

THE GATHERING AT BRAE-MAR.

ROMANCE IN THE HIGHLANDS.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

EDINBURGH, September 16th.

The far-famed games, of Braemar, which carry the Scottish season to a pinnacle of interest, were held last week. It is a scene which, however often one may have witnessed it, becomes wonderfully touched into life again every year, and as usual it attracted many members of society in the North. The district, with its renowned scenic beauty, its traditions, and its legends, has a call that echoes in the hearts of those who know it, and which finds its widest response at this time of the year. It was a pity that this year's games day reproduced with such depressing fidelity the piping winds and the squalls of rain that Robert Louis Stevenson experienced during the spell of idleness in search of health at Braemar that gave a grateful world Long John Silver, Blind Man Pew, and Jim Hawkins. It was in a cottage in this village that B.L.S. drew for the curiosity of a juvenile companion the map that gave us Treasure Island. The weather that brought force showers to the "gathering" made no impression on the people of the countryside, in whom the occasion kindles a fervent enthusiasm. From first to last it is an inspiration when "the blood is Highland." The parade of the clansmen, the music of the bagpipes, the fine array of kilt and plaid, stalwart athletes in the arena, the meeting of friend with friend, who together on Games Day—all these play upon the strings of Highland memory.

The procession on the road to Deeside begins with dawn. It is a pilgrimage which time has made a crowded one, and has also modernised and speeded up. The caravanserai has become a motor caravan. Folks used to come to the games when the world was younger, who took two or three days to get here, who by the mountain passes and the pipes, and stalkers have in some cases to start their cross-country tramp early in the morning—some of them from as far as the foot of Ben Macdui—but the motor car runs through the story of the games now, and I have seen clansmen come into the village by automobile. It was, of course, round the mustering of the clans that the greatest glamour lay. It was a vivid flash-light to the imagination when the kilted figures of the clans—the Balmoral Highlanders, the Duff men, and the Farquharsons—to the fine music of their old tunes of the pipes, mustered in the courtyard of the Inver-murder Hotel, near the spot where, could Arms Hotel, near the Earl of Mar raised his standard in the Stuart Rising. That little ritual without the stiffness of formality. The march-past of these sturdy Highlandmen (the King taking the salute), was, to the regret of everyone, greatly marred for the spectators, but, as our old saying has it, it didn't damp the enthusiasm.

THE KILT.

A young French lady who lived in Scotland during most of this summer spent much time searching for a picture postcard of the Highland dress. Buries ques with the usual rod whiskers and knob knees also could get in dozens, but never a genuine kilt. At last, much to her delight, some one unearthed a card of a Highland regiment marching in full rig. A man who occasionally sports the tartan has more than once, when on the Clyde steamers, been asked to pose while an American camera was turned on him. He escaped lightly compared with two young fellows who, during a recent voyage to the Mediterranean, accepted a bet by the captain that they would not go ashore in Genoa in the kilt. They won, but they returned with much more celerity than they started. The excited and admiring inhabitants absolutely mobbed them, and almost raised a tumult. With a hilarious crowd at their heels the kiltmen regained the ship at the double.

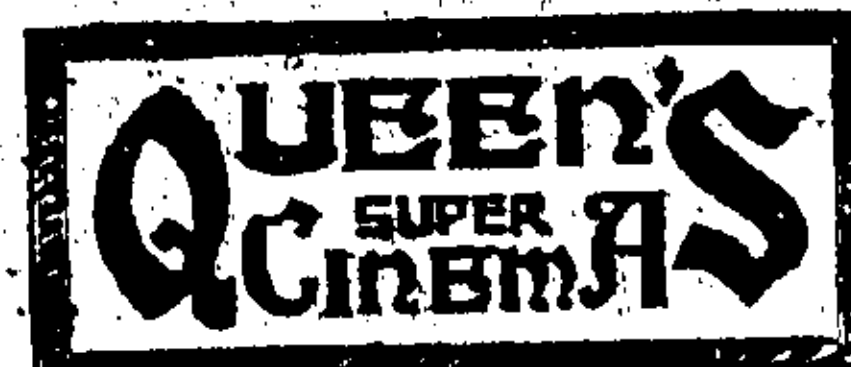
THE BURNS FEDERATION.

Edinburgh has been enjoying what may be called a week-end Burns. The Burns Federation met within its walls and was attended by Burns Clubs in all parts of the world. Strong appeals were made by leading Scots for the cultivation of Lowland Scots at our schools, alongside English, as a matter of course. And it is satisfactory to learn that the question of Scots in Scottish schools has already been the subject of discussion between the sympathetic head of the Scottish Education Department, Dr. George Macdonald, and the Chief Inspector, and that the Federation have been invited to "send any suggestion of a positive character before the Department." University bursaries are also being discussed by the members of the Burns Federation to encourage the study of the vernacular.

WHAT IS SCOTS VERNACULAR?

It is a good and becoming thing that the steps forward into a new and wider field which the Federation are seeking to make should take the form of an organised effort to stimulate and to preserve the Scottish Vernacular—the speech in which Burns has written verse that should render it immortal. But if that should render it immortal. But if Vernacular Scots is to be taught or studied it may be asked—What vernacular? There is no accepted Standard Scots. Scotland has as many vernaculars as she has provinces or districts; all of them have produced, and are still producing, specimens of verse and prose that are worth remembering and preserving; and all of them are in process of change, and largely in the form of corruption and dilution. A claim has been made for

(Continued on next column).



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Ayrshire, with the name and example of Burns behind it; Burns might be allowed to fix classic Scots, as Dante fixed Italian or Luther German. But Burns used a generic rather than a highly specialised Ayrshire dialect and vocabulary; the modern native speech and phonetics of Ayrshire have been corrupted more than most by infusions and other influences; and have their own highly prized dialect and literature would object. These difficulties are no doubt realised by the members of the Federation who do not dream—like those who are endeavouring to create and impose a Gaelic speech in quarters where little or no Gaelic exists, in the Irish Free State—"compulsion." But "they do not aim at creating a Scots vernacular-speaking nation"—and it may be affirmed that the majority of Scotsmen still understand and speak Scots—and desire the preservation of such a knowledge of the vernacular, both to understand and value their rich heritage, and stimulate to the production of more.

mosquito "control" IN SCOTLAND.
The Marquis and Marchioness of Aberdeen are taking a personal interest in the campaign now being waged against the mosquito. Mr. A. Moore Hogarth, the honorary director of the London College of Pestology, predicts that the insect menace will be extremely serious next year. He is organising measures to counteract the spread of the pest, and these include the establishment of "mosquito controls" at various places throughout the country. Scotland, he tells me, is not free from the mosquito than areas in the south. The Marchioness will probably start a "control" in Aberdeen, which, it is expected, will be the first of the kind to be set up in Scotland.

THE SCOTTISH SPIRIT.

In Mrs. Patrick Campbell's latest production, "The Adventurous Age," with which she is now touring, there are several lines with a Scottish flavour. "For a Scotsman in England to drink whisky thirty under proof," says one of the characters, "is the same as being teetotal."

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LOCAL SPORT.

FOOTBALL.

The following games in the Hongkong League are down for decision to-day:-

Division I.

Kick-off at 3.15 p.m.

South China v. Tamar, Sookunpoo "A" ground. Referee: Mr. Baldwin.

Kick-off at 4.30 p.m.

Hongkong Police v. East Surreys, Sookunpoo "A" ground. Referee: Mr. Smyth.

Hongkong Club v. R.A. H.K.F.C. ground. Referee: Mr. Windsor.

Club de Recreo v. Kowloon, Railway ground. Referee: Mr. F. Smith.

Division II.

Kick-off at 3 p.m.

South China "A" v. Kowloon Reserves, South China ground. Referee: Mr. Omar.

Club de Recreo "A" v. Hongkong Club Reserves, H.K.F.C. ground. Referee: Mr. McIvor.

St. Joseph's v. East Surreys Reserves, Sookunpoo "B" ground. Referee: Mr. Smith, R.A.

Kick-off at 4.30 p.m.

East Surreys Brums v. R.A. Reserves, Sookunpoo "B" ground. Referee: Mr. Smyth.

The Garrison ground at Sookunpoo will field two first league games this afternoon. The South China-Tamar match taking place during the first half of the playing period. The game should be keenly contested, and although the sailors opened with a win last week and South China could manage a draw only, it is expected that South China will win to-day.

The East Surreys open their season today, their opponents being the Police. The military team is expected to win although the Police always put up a good fight on the Garrison ground.

The Club are at home to the R.A. to-day and they should improve on last week's display against Kowloon. They opened well and affected a draw with South China after a well contested game. A rearrangement of the home forward line is expected to-day.

Owing to the Recreation ground not being ready to stage league football the game between the Club and Kowloon will be played on the Railway ground. The Recreation make their debut in the senior division and on the form shown by the Kowloon team last week the Club is expected to go down. In the junior games, that between Kowloon Reserves and South China "A" should attract a good following.

Both teams showed well in their opening game, South China winning against the Surreys Reserves by the only goal scored and Kowloon having a five to nil win against St. Joseph's. The Club Reserves should be able to turn out a full side on their ground against the Club de Recreo Reserves. St. Joseph's will be opposed to the Surreys Reserves at Sookunpoo and the Surreys Brums should secure a win over the R.A. Reserves.

CRICKET.

FOUR MATCHES TO BE PLAYED.

The following cricket matches are down for decision to-day:-

University v. Civil Service C.C. on the Pokfulam ground.

Hongkong C.C. v. Kowloon C.C. on the H.K.C.C. ground.

Police R.C. v. Kowloon C.C. (2nd XI.) on the Kowloon ground.

Chinese R.C. v. Craigengower C.C. on the C.R.C. ground.

All the above are "friendly" matches. The only League game arranged to take place is that between the Hongkong C.C. and XI. v. Civil Service C.C. 2nd XI. It has had to be postponed owing to the state of the latter Club's ground.

Some of the teams are:-

H.K.C.C. v. K.C.C.

H.K.C.C. v. R. Hancock (capt.), A. W. Hayward, J. D. Humphreys, R. W. Lee, E. J. R. Mitchell, T. E. Pearce, L. P. Ralph, E. F. S. Stewart, G. R. Walker, and R. E. A. Webster.

K.C.C. v. C. L. L. (capt.), F. Goodwin, A. W. Ramsay, Capt. E. W. Morris, S. J. J. E. R. Macaskill, G. Lee, G. W. Williams, B. Petheram, E. A. R. Duncan and F. W. Howell.

P.R.C. v. K.C.C. 2nd.

K.C.C. v. W. F. J. Gorvin (capt.), H. Parsons, A. A. Dand, E. G. Renton, J. C. Long, J. E. Hancock, C. T. Evans, D. S. Green, W. Hyde, H. G. Hallam and A. R. F. Raven. Umpire: C. L. Evans.

C.C.C. v. C.C.C.

C.C.C. v. T. Grimes (capt.), D. Fritz, S. Abbas, R. C. Reed, A. Kitchell, E. Fincher, A. Hanson, F. Schneppel, M. Pinna, W. G. Guest, E. Mowfang, Reserves: E. Hanson and F. K. Modi.

University v. C.C.C.

University v. A. A. Rummah (capt.), Rev. E. K. Quick, H. N. Balhatchet, D. K. Samy, S. O. Shobudin, S. A. M. Soper, S. Hachuma, C. W. Lam, W. H. Sling, B. F. Ng, A. N. Other.

HOCKEY.

H.K.C. DEFEAT SURREYS.

The Hongkong Hockey Club 1st XI. defeated the East Surrey Regiment by 4 goals to one on the U.S.R.C. ground on Wednesday. Up to the last fifteen minutes of the game the Club had not scored, but subsequently put on four goals. For the Club the scorers were Mitchell (1), Farquharson (1) and Allen (2), whilst Lieut. Dickens scored for the soldiers.

R.H.G.C.

LADIES' SECTION'S ANNUAL MEETING.

The members of the Royal Hongkong Golf Club (Ladies' Section) held their annual general meeting at the Helena May Institute yesterday. Amongst those present were Mrs. Pearce (Capt.), who presided, Mrs. H. Griffin, Secretary, and Mrs. Morrison, treasurer.

The minutes of the last meeting were read by Mrs. Griffin (Secretary) and confirmed.

THE CAPTAIN'S SPEECH.

Mrs. Pearce who for the last year had been captain of the ladies' golf, addressing the members present, said:-

"Before giving you a short resumé of the year's work, I should like to mention the advisability of electing officers, who as far as they know, will be able to complete their year of office. Mrs. Griffin (the secretary) and I have been somewhat at a disadvantage, as both the Captain and Secretary elected at the last annual general meeting left for Home early in the year, and we had to carry on as best we could.

Mrs. Ross and Mrs. Hollands filled the vacancies caused by the departure of Mrs. Cassidy and Mrs. Murray.

"We have to congratulate Mrs. Morrison on winning the championship and the Taggart Cup, and also Mrs. Murray's Cup with a nett score of 92 over the Fanling old course—which was a very creditable performance, and Mrs. Fitzroy Williams on winning the Captain's Cup; also Mrs. Whyte-Smith on winning the Railway Cup.

Mrs. Morrison's Cup for the best average score over the new course, Fanling, was won by Mrs. B. D. Evans. Two one day competitions were held—one at Fanling and one at Deep Water Bay, Mrs. Alfred Humphreys winning the former, and Mrs. Morrison the latter. (Cheers.)

"As there would have been two Captains' cups due last year, my committee suggested that I should give a cup for some other competition—and I decided on an Eclectic competition at Deep Water Bay during June, July, August and September. My cup for this has been won by Mrs. A. W. Davison with the very creditable score of 51 nett. (Cheers.)

"A few notable changes have been made by the present Committee, which I trust will meet with your approval. The 'best score' board is now available for scores of 80 or under, returned over the new course, Fanling. It is hoped that players who return suitable scores will send in their cards, so that the board may be kept up to date. Handicaps in future will be given on scores returned over the new course, Fanling, and not at Happy Valley. This was thought advisable for two reasons—first because Happy Valley course is so often unplayable and secondly because most of the competitions are held at Fanling.

"Entries for the Captain's Cup have not been very satisfactory, owing no doubt to the unfortunate prevailing conditions. It is hoped that more players will endeavour to qualify during the winter months. The deciding rounds of the Captain's Cup, are in future to be played over the new course at Fanling, also the qualifying rounds during the winter months. Deep Water Bay will be used as usual during the summer.

AN APPEAL.

"I should like to make a few remarks about our annual subscriptions. Those of you who were present at the last annual general meeting will remember that it was agreed to ask all lady players to pay an annual subscription of \$1 to help towards advertising, and any small expenses in the way of prizes, etc. The Hon. Treasurer has been disappointed to find the response has been so poor, as only about one-fourth of our membership has paid this very small subscription. It is earnestly hoped that there will not be the same difficulty for the next Hon. Treasurer.

"I am very sorry that since January, when I succeeded Mrs. Crawford as Captain, there have been so many months in which it has been practically impossible to carry on the activities of the Ladies' Section of the Golf Club. There have been so many other affairs for us all to look after and the fact that both the Fanling and Happy Valley golf courses have been without servants, has made it impossible for either the committee or myself to carry out the programme which we should like to have done. I sincerely hope these disadvantages will not be experienced next year and that you will have a very pleasant and uninterrupted season." (Applause.)

STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTS.

Mrs. Pearce then gave the statement of accounts. Subscriptions amounted to \$91, expenditure \$79.87. This was made up as follows: Advertising \$10.15, prizes \$31.97, stationery, etc. \$2 and sundries \$25.50. There was a balance of \$12.06.

Mrs. Pearce then proposed that the report and accounts be adopted and this was passed unanimously.

ELECTION OF OFFICIALS.

The following officials were elected: Commodore, Mr. E. W. Carpenter; Vice-Commodore, Mr. A. L. Shields; Rear-Commodore, Capt. A. W. Davison, R.N.R.; Sailing Committee: Capt. T. Arthur, Commodore A. J. B. Stirling, C.B., R.N., and Messrs. H. S. Rouse (Sailing Secretary), J. L. Adams, C. E. L. Grist, Van Andel, H. J. Pearce, G. R. Edwards, F. G. Vaux and F. D. Tracy; Rowing Committee: Commodore A. J. B. Stirling, C.B., R.N. (Rowing Captain), Messrs. R. L. Moncrieff, E. P. Minnett, H. R. Forsyth, A. C. Groves, F. J. Easterbrook, Hon. Mr. C. McIvor, E. S. Carter and Col. Contes; Bowling Committee: Messrs. W. S. Dixon and W. D. Jamieson; Honorary Librarian, Mrs. H. S. Rouse; Hon. Treasurer, Mr. H. J. Cleland; Hon. Secretary, Mr. F. Oliver.

VOTES OF THANKS.

Votes of thanks were unanimously passed to Mrs. Pearce, Mrs. Griffin (the secretary) and Mrs. Morrison (the treasurer). On the proposition of Mrs. Griffin a vote of thanks was accorded Col. Matthews for his assistance to the ladies' section. Before the conclusion of the meeting Mrs. A. W. Davison was presented with the Captain's Cup by Mrs. Pearce.

THE WEEKLY PRESS.

THE "WEEKLY PRESS," PUBLISHED TO-DAY, CONTAINS, IN HANDY FORM FOR REFERENCE, THE EVIDENCE GIVEN AT THE JUDICIAL ENQUIRY NOW BEING HELD IN SHANGHAI INTO THE RIOTS OF MAY LAST.

The findings of this Enquiry will have an important influence upon the trend of future negotiations with the Chinese.

It is important, therefore, that the evidence should be studied closely.

The WEEKLY also gives full information regarding the most recent developments in the situation in South China, and news from various sources which will enable readers to follow the movements, and the fluctuating fortunes, of the rival military factions now contending for power.

32 Pages—Price 30 Cents.

On Sale by all Regular Newsboys.

R.H.Y.C.

SATISFACTORY YEAR REPORTED.

COMMODORE'S ADDRESS.

The 21st annual general meeting of the Royal Hongkong Yacht Club was held yesterday evening at the Club house, under the chairmanship of the Commodore, Capt. T. Arthur.

In proposing the adoption of the annual report and accounts, which have already appeared in the *Daily Press*, Capt. Arthur said that there were a few items in the report on which he would like to comment. On looking through the accounts, it would be seen that their income was down approximately \$1,070, below last year's figures, while expenses had decreased by \$830, thus making a profit of some \$240 less. There was an increase on interest of \$50 due to a further sum of \$1,000 having been on fixed deposit. Under expenditure, they would notice increases such as general expenses \$100, printing and stationery \$100, and expenses on account of Shanghai interport \$130, and opening and closing cruises \$130. Against this wages were down by \$230, howling and rowing expenses down \$100 and \$80 respectively, and as there were no extraordinary expenses in repairing typhoon damage this year, they had decreased expenses some \$540 under Club house maintenance.

Local conditions during the past few months had not helped them in any way, and although their profit of \$125 was a small one, he thought it very satisfactory, and it was possibly a sign of good management. They were only out to pay their way, and if they did much more their cause was lost, as the most successful clubs were generally hard up. With entrance fees \$850 and a generous donations of \$700 from Mr. George Potts towards improvements, along with their profit of \$124.84, their reserve was increased by \$1,674.84. He felt sure they would agree that the Club had had a most satisfactory and successful year.

The Club was undoubtedly flourishing, a fact which was proved by the number of new members enrolled, and he was sure this state of things would continue as long as members displayed the same enthusiasm in the future as they had done in the past. He then thanked the various officials for their services to the Club.

SIR CLAUD SEVERN.

He wished to refer to the impending departure of their old member and past Commodore, Sir Claud Severn. He was Commodore in 1916-17, and his services were always at the disposal of the Club and his interest in its activities was unbounded. He was sure members would wish him every success in the future. (Applause.)

The Chairman then proposed the adoption of the report and accounts. This was seconded by Dr. E. P. Minnett and carried unanimously.

ELECTION OF OFFICERS.

The following officials were elected: Commodore, Mr. E. W. Carpenter; Vice-Commodore, Mr. A. L. Shields; Rear-Commodore, Capt. A. W. Davison, R.N.R.; Sailing Committee: Capt. T. Arthur, Commodore A. J. B. Stirling, C.B., R.N., and Messrs. H. S. Rouse (Sailing Secretary), J. L. Adams, C. E. L. Grist, Van Andel, H. J. Pearce, G. R. Edwards, F. G. Vaux and F. D. Tracy; Rowing Committee: Commodore A. J. B. Stirling, C.B., R.N. (Rowing Captain), Messrs. R. L. Moncrieff, E. P. Minnett, H. R. Forsyth, A. C. Groves, F. J. Easterbrook, Hon. Mr. C. McIvor, E. S. Carter and Col. Contes; Bowling Committee: Messrs. W. S. Dixon and W. D. Jamieson; Honorary Librarian, Mrs. H. S. Rouse; Hon. Treasurer, Mr. H. J. Cleland; Hon. Secretary, Mr. F. Oliver.

ALLEGED ARMED ROBBERY.

COOLIE ON TRIAL AT CENTRAL MAGISTRACY.

Before Mr. S. B. B. McElderry at the Central Magistracy yesterday afternoon, a Chinese was charged in connection with an armed robbery at Sai Wan Ho, Shaokwan, on September 25th, when he is alleged to have robbed the wife of a coolie. Three other men are said to have been with him at the time.

Outlining the case, Inspector W. F. Blackman said that the complainant was the wife of a coolie employed at Tai Koo Docks and lived at Tai On Street. On the morning of September 25th, somebody shouted for her husband from the doorway. The door was shut, but not locked and it was immediately pushed open and the defendant entered. He asked for her husband and when told he was out he went further into the room and was followed by three other men. Complainant was forced into a cubicle and was relieved of three finger rings which she was wearing and then bound and gagged. The defendant then went into the kitchen where he found the amah, who was treated in a similar manner. In the meantime, the complainant had managed to get out of the cubicle without being seen and went to the staircase where she shouted for help. The defendant tried to take her back to the room but she held on to the railing. Realizing that the alarm had been given, the defendant made his escape with the three other men. After they had left a dagger was discovered in the house and another one found at the bottom of the stairs.

The complainant made a report of the occurrence as a consequence of which the various police stations were notified and detectives posted at different points. One police officer was making enquiries when the defendant emerged from one of the side streets, and on seeing the detective he ran away. Drawing his revolver the detective fired three rounds at the fugitive, who was wounded in the heel, but he managed to escape. A search of the locality revealed his presence under a stack of straw in a matchbox.

At an identification parade he was immediately recognised by the complainant. After hearing some of the evidence, His Worship adjourned the case.

ALLEGED DUTY FRAUD.

FIVE CHINESE CHARGED AT KOWLOON.

Five Chinese appeared before Mr. E. W. Hamilton at the Kowloon Magistracy yesterday, charged with having in their possession various quantities of Chinese intoxicating liquor on which duty had not been paid.

In applying for an adjournment in order that the charges might be altered to conspiracy, Mr. J. D. Lloyd, Superintendent of Imports and Exports, who prosecuted, said that during the past three months the Government had been defrauded of about \$20,000, and in the present case the duty involved was \$14,000. Defendants were remanded.

MOSLEM INTERPORTERS.

The following have been selected to represent the Moslem Club in the forthcoming club interport tournament, against the Association Desportive Macanense, Macao, to be played at Macao on October 18th and 19th:-

Football.—M. Ismail, T. Hamet, G. Mohammed, M. A. Salleh, M. Y. Adal, S. S. Hussain, I. M. Razack, D. Mohammed, A. R. Dallah (capt.), A. K. Rahman, U. Ismail, A. M. Wahab and S. R. Kitchell.

Tennis.—S. A. Hussain (capt.), S. S. Hussain, I. M. Razack, J. A. Cassumbhoy, D. Mohammed, and G. Mohammed. Pingpong.—A. Kitchell (capt.), I. M. Razack, A. R. Dallah and J. A. Cassumbhoy. The terms will leave to-day.

WAICHOW HAS FALLEN. THE EARLIER REPORTS ARE NOW CONFIRMED. CHIANG'S TROOPS DISARMED.

Yesterday the Colony was full of rumours that Waichow City, General Chan Kwing Ming's stronghold in the East River district, had fallen into the hands of General Chiang Kai Shek. But according to a report received from our Chinese Correspondent it seems that news regarding the East River situation is conflicting. The report states that after General Hsu Sung Chi was ousted from Canton, among those troops under his command enlisted by Chiang Kai Shek was a regiment of the 4th Division of the Cantonese Army under the command of Brigadier-General Hsu Chai now stationed at Tsang Sheng. In the course of his recent review of the troops on the East River front, General Chiang was informed that the attitude of the troops under Brigadier-General Hsu Chai was not at all clear and that they might join hands with General Chan Kwing Ming if an attack were made by the Constitutional Forces on Waichow City.

Acting upon this information Chiang Kai Shek at once sent a regiment of troops to Tsang Sheng to watch their movements. But the sudden arrival of these troops aroused the suspicion of the Cantonese soldiers and in order to avoid being disarmed they, without waiting further orders from their commander who was then away from camp, suddenly surprised and surrounded Chiang's men and disarmed them. When the news reached Sheshung, Chiang Kai Shek is said to have sent strong reinforcements to counter-attack the Cantonese troops who were reported to be retreating towards Waichow. As the fall of Waichow City has not yet been officially confirmed it would seem that the rumour was created upon hearing of the retreat of the Cantonese troops towards this place.

A Reuters message from Canton via London, received after the foregoing was in type reads: Red forces have captured Waichow and taken prisoner a large number of the enemy.

CUSTOMS COMMISSIONER AT SWATOW.

MR. CAREY OPTIMISTIC OF SETTLEMENT OF TRADE DISPUTE.

Mr. Fred W. Carey, the Commissioner of Customs at Swatow, with Mrs. Carey and family, are among the passengers leaving by the P. & O. s.s. *Malwa* to-day. Mr. Carey is going on a year's home leave, but is uncertain of the station to which he will be appointed on his return. He has, of course, been through all the trouble in Swatow, and is very optimistic now regarding the prospects of an early settlement. He says that the whole atmosphere has changed for the better during the past few weeks and that the Authorities are very willing to deal with any concrete case of intimidation that is brought to their notice. In his opinion British trade with the port will have resumed its normal course within a month.

Mr. Carey's place at Swatow is being taken for the time being by his deputy, Mr. Macdonald, pending the arrival of his successor, Mr. R. F. C. Hedgeland, from Aignan.

BOMB IN THEATRE.

MILITARY COMMANDER WOUNDED IN HONAM.

The *Canton Gazette* referring to a recent bomb incident in a theatre on Honam Island, states that whilst a performance was being given by the Chok Wah Nin troupe, a bomb was thrown from the second class seats and on exploding put the audience in a panic.

The theatre's special police appeared to investigate matters, forbidding persons to leave the premises, and at the same time a telephone message was sent to the Police Station. On receipt of the message, a force of twenty armed police was sent to the theatre to search for the culprits. The people in the theatre were strictly searched before they were allowed to leave.

Mr. Wu, Military Commander of the 5th National Revolutionary Army, and three others, one man and two women, were injured.

As the cause of the bomb outrage is still a mystery, the theatrical staff was ordered to go to the Police Station for examination. The theatre manager and the proprietor said that before the outrage no blackmailing letters were received from handbills, nor have they had any quarrel with anyone who might be provoked to resort to such an outrage.

NEWS FROM CANTON. THE MILITARY SITUATION.

[FROM OUR CHINESE CORRESPONDENT.]

No serious conflict between the military parties has been reported during the last few days. The anti-Reds are now in control of Hoyun and Lungmoon, the Reds evacuating before the arrival of their enemies. According to those in a position to judge, the Reds will concentrate their forces around Canton and will not go beyond easy reach of the Capital. There is already a good deal of speculation as to the future attitude of the Hunanese and Yunnanese mercenaries now serving under the Red standard.

SLACKENING OF CONTROL.

The Kuomintang Bolsheviks throughout Canton and its vicinity have been extremely busy recently endeavouring to swell the war chest of their party.

Tong Kwok Hing, a member of the strike committee in Canton, has complained that the members of the Kuomintang, who held up the s.s. *Kuo Ning* on the West River, did not receive their orders from the strike committee and he asks that the use of the strike picket banners should be investigated. Complaints are also made that Kuomintang members, around East and West Maling, have been misusing the name of the strike pickets to interfere with trade and shipping.

Some 200 Bolsheviks, commandeered funds and property belonging to the Pak Kong station of the Canton-Samshui Railway on the morning of October 15th and arrested about 70 passengers on a westward train, at the same time confiscating goods and personal effects belonging to other passengers. The previous evening, Bolsheviks near Ho Kao along the West River captured a silk junk and 60 passengers, alleging that the goods had come from districts supporting the volunteer movement of the merchants.

CANTON RIVER PICKETS.

The strike committee in Canton enforcing the anti-British boycott has doubled its picketing forces along the Canton River, particularly in the waters near the Boccas Tigris. The workers have been told by the Bolsheviks that once the followers of Chan Kwing Ming succeed in returning to Canton, there will be no more strike committee.

GAMBLING MONOPOLY.

The Kuomintang Commissioner of Finance, Mr. T. V. Soong, is said to be finding it very difficult to get anyone to take over the gambling monopoly. The gamblers are hesitating to offer tenders because much of the territory is not now in control of the Red régime in Canton. Some of the districts flying the Red standard are now in the hands of mercenary troops who protect gambling and collect fees without the regular sanction of the civil authorities. Moreover, the possible return of Chan Kwing Ming to power may nullify all past arrangements.

LI FOOK LAM'S TROOPS.

FORCE IS NOW COMPLETELY REORGANIZED.

In compliance with Chiang Kai Shek's orders General Li Fook Lam, with the assistance of Chu Yue Tung, Chiang's staff officer, has completed reorganizing his troops. Under the new arrangements he is now the General commanding the 5th Army Corps comprising two Divisions and one Independent Regiment. Li Kwan, General Li's brother and formerly Brigadier-General of the 17th Brigade, and Lien Ping Chuang, Chief of Staff, have both been promoted Lieutenant-Generals. Brigadier-General Wong Shiang and Yu Teng Tsang of the 14th Constabulary have been promoted Colonels of the Independent Regiment. It is said that Chiang Kai Shek will soon send General Li's troops to the East River front for active service.

STRIKE PICKETS DISPERSED.

It is reported that on the 13th instant whilst some merchants at Tai Ping, a market town near Boccas Tigris, were unloading a shipment of salt fish, the strike pickets interfered claiming that the goods were imported from Hongkong. In the dispute which ensued several shop folk were seriously wounded by the pickets. Merchant Volunteers had to be called out to suppress the disturbance.

During the altercation fire-arms were resorted to by both parties and as a consequence about ten strike pickets were shot by the volunteers. The rest and the wounded retreated to a nearby gunboat and hurried back to Canton to report to the Strike Commission. The Tai Ping merchants have declared a general strike as a protest at the unreasonable interference by the strikers in their business. Chen Shao Ying, Superintendent of the Boccas Tigris forts, fearing that the strike might greatly effect the revenue of the place had requested the merchants to resume business by assuring them of proper protection. What steps the Strike Commission will take is not yet known, but it seems that the merchant volunteers were well prepared for another struggle with the strikers.

LOCAL WEDDINGS. MUIRHEAD-MEFFAN.

A very pretty wedding took place at the Union Church, Kennedy Road, yesterday afternoon, when the contracting parties were Miss Helen D. Muirhead, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Muirhead, of Bannockburn, Scotland, and Mr. Norman D. Meffan, of Taikoo Dock, eldest son of the late Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Meffan, of Arbroath, Scotland.

The ceremony was performed by the Rev. J. Horace Johnston. The bride, who was charmingly attired in a simple tulle dress of ivory silk georgette with pearl and diamante trimming and who also wore a veil of white embroidered net with wreath of orange blossom and white heather, was given in marriage by Mr. R. Wallace. She carried a bouquet of white roses and Honolulu creper. Miss Nancy McNeillie was the bridesmaid, and wore coral pink embroidered georgette, with soft blue French hat to match, and carried a bouquet of pink roses and Honolulu creper. Mrs. D. McNeillie, who acted as matron of honour, was dressed in grey crepe-de-chine, with hat of black plush to match. Mr. W. Robertson was best man.

Mr. S. Collett officiated at the organ. "The Voice that breathed o'er Eden" and "O God of Bethel" were sung during the ceremony.

A reception took place in the Hongkong Hotel Grill Room. The bride's going away dress was of fawn georgette with overdress of fuchsia flowered chiffon and hat to match.

The honeymoon is being spent at Bepulse Bay, the bride's going away dress being of fawn georgette with overdress of fuchsia flowered chiffon, and hat to match.

TOTTENHAM-DALY.

The wedding took place at St. John's Cathedral yesterday of Dr. R. E. Tottenham, of the Medical Faculty of the Hongkong University, and Miss Daly, who arrived in the Colony from Ireland on Thursday.

The Rev. T. B. Powell officiated. Mr. Evan Stewart was the "best man," and Mrs. Stoddart was matron of honour.

Dr. Tottenham has not been long in the Colony but is well-known as a clever tennis player, having represented Ireland in the Davis Cup matches.

TULLY-MANSON.

The marriage was solemnized at the Union Church, Hongkong, yesterday, of Mr. Robert Tully, son of the Rev. Thomas Tully, of the Anglo-Chinese College at Anoy, and Miss Kathryn Manson, daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. David Manson, of Glasgow.

The Rev. J. Horace Johnston officiated, the bride being given in marriage by the Rev. Hope Moncrieff.

FIRE-CRACKERS.

MACAO PAPER'S CONCERN.

The following, from the *Diario de Macau*, is reproduced in all the attractiveness of its quaint phrasing:—

"The production of fire-crackers is one of the most important industries in Macao but each year the menace of explosion takes its toll of human life. Something must be done to stop this terrible waste of humans with all their potential value and as there seems to be hardly one year which does not bring with it death and destruction it is surely incumbent upon the Government to introduce legislation calculated to stop as far as is humanly possible such explosions and fires. Such legislation must not interfere with the internal working of the factories but supervision and laws must govern the conditions under which workers are forced to labour. It will be found that all these fatal explosions are due to carelessness and it is just this carelessness that must be provided for in the formulation of the laws and conditions to make this business safe not only for the workers themselves but also for the rest of the Colony."

JUNK CAPTURED.

Information was contained in police reports yesterday of an outrage perpetrated on a junk-master and his crew at Lan Tao Island, a junk being stolen and its occupants kidnapped by robbers. On Wednesday evening five men armed with revolvers boarded the junk which was loading at the sea wall at Mui Wo, off Lan Tao Island. At the point of the revolver they compelled the crew of the junk to hoist sail. The master jumped overboard and swam to the shore and when he last saw the junk, it was heading in the direction of Cheung Chau. It is believed that the robbers were making for Macao.

MARINE COURT OF ENQUIRY. FOUNDING OF "YUE YING WA" IS PRESUMED.

THE LACK OF WIRELESS.

In connection with the missing s.s. *Yue Ying Wa* which left Hoikow for Hongkong on August 8th, and has not been heard of since, and which is presumed to have foundered in a typhoon next day, a Marine Court of Enquiry was held at the Harbour Office yesterday.

Lieut. Commander G. F. Hole, R.N. (Harbour Master) was the President and the Members of the Court were: Lieut. Commander H. M. C. Purdon, O.B.E., R.N. (H.M.S. *Ambrase*), Mr. A. M. Frame (Master of the s.s. *Chongsha*), Mr. W. J. Donohue (Master of the s.s. *Bruce Castle*), and Mr. C. Shearer (Master of the s.s. *Halvard*).

Mr. F. G. Vaux (Messrs. Wilkinson and Grist), appeared on behalf of the owners, the Cheong Yue S.S. Co., and Mr. G. K. Hall Brutton represented the China Coast Officers' Guild and also appeared on behalf of the relatives of those on board.

Capt. D. G. M. Arthur (Marine Superintendent for the owners), said that a communication was received from the agents in Hoikow, dated August 7th, stating that the *Yue Ying Wa* would be despatched for Hongkong on the following morning, immediately loading was completed. No telegram was received saying that the ship had left. The vessel left Hongkong on August 1st for Hoikow and was to return via Tourane and ports. The trip from Hoikow to Hongkong direct should have taken about thirty hours. The owners first knew that she had cleared for Hongkong direct, on August 13th when a letter was received from the Hoikow agents by the s.s. *Song Bu*. As the *Yue Ying Wa* was considerably overdue, the matter was reported to the Harbour Office and naval assistance was asked for. A gunboat was sent out and a sea-plane searched for the vessel.

The President: Was there any chance that the *Yue Ying Wa* was overloaded? Certainly not overloaded; she was a comparatively light ship.

What cargo was she carrying?—I have copies of the manifest here. She had 2,232 piculs—about 190 tons—of general cargo in her hold, and she also had bullocks, pigs, etc., on board approximately 100 tons. She also had about 200 tons of bunker coal on board.

Have your Company taken any steps to try and trace the missing ship since then?—Yes, enquiries have been made in Hongkong and advertisements inserted in two of the leading Chinese papers asking anyone who had any information regarding the *Yue Ying Wa* to communicate with the Company. The advertisements first appeared on September 30th and ran for ten days. No reply whatever was received.

Mr. Vaux: In what condition was the ship's life-saving apparatus?—Her life-saving apparatus was in perfect order. She had about 100 lifebelts on board and three lifeboats. The vessel completed a general overhaul in February this year and any defects discovered then were made good.

With regard to the ship do the owners take your advice so far as keeping the ship seaworthy is concerned?—Everything is left entirely in our hands.

Witness produced a communication received from the master of the s.s. *Lim Chow*, who, it will be remembered, reported to the Harbour Office that he had sighted 7 S.E. of St. John's Point, St. John's Island, three lifeboats, three floating tanks and five salvage drums. This communication, stated witness, was more or less a copy from the entry in the official log of the *Lim Chow*.

The President: Did the wreckage observed correspond with the *Yue Ying Wa*'s equipment?—The cylinders did. She was a boat with cylinders and they were also painted grey. The other things might have come from any boat.

With regard to the weather, Capt. Arthur said that the report of the master of the *Lim Chow* would appear to indicate that the *Yue Ying Wa* would have been ahead of the typhoon.

Mr. Hall Brutton: I see that the *Lim Chow* was fitted with a wireless installation. Was the *Yue Ying Wa*—Witness: No.

Mr. W. R. Hillyer, Boarding Officer, put in copies of a letter and the ship's manifest received from the Customs at Hoikow.

The Court then adjourned to consider its finding, but before they did so Mr. Vaux asked would the Court, if they found the ship was lost, also consider finding that there was a loss of all hands. The President replied that the most the Court could do was to presume the loss of the officers and men.

FINDING OF COURT.

On the resumption of the Court, the President announced that the Court found that the s.s. *Yue Ying Wa* left Hoikow on August 8th with about 300 tons of cargo for Hongkong, including livestock and that she did not arrive. The Court therefore presumed that she had foundered between Hoikow and Hongkong with all hands in a typhoon on August 9th.

The Court further found that the *Yue Ying Wa* was not fitted with wireless and that if she had been it would have been probable that her fate would have been known with more certainty.

SHE DESERVES SOMETHING NICE.

WHY NOT BUY A BOX OF DELICIOUS
CHOCOLATES.

CUPID CHOCOLATES

1 lb. Boxes, 2 lbs. Boxes, 3 lbs. Boxes.

From \$3.00 to \$10.00.

LOVELY TO LOOK UPON.
LUSCIOUS TO EAT.

WE ALSO HAVE A NEW ASSORTMENT
OF MARZAPAN AND OTHER FONDANTS.

LANE, CRAWFORD, LTD.

GREAT REDUCTION SALE

NOW ON.

BUY EARLY AND SAVE YOUR MONEY.

THE WING ON CO., LTD.

THE NEW "COLUMBIA" PORTABLE

ENGLISH

MODEL



FITTED WITH THE NEW NO. 7 SOUNDBOX
\$65.00

AT
ANDERSON'S.

WM. POWELL, LTD.

TELEPHONE 3146.

BECTIVE FOOTWEAR.



SHOES ARE WORN BY THE
MAN WHO INSISTS ON THE
BEST IN FOOTWEAR. BUT
WHETHER FOR HOME OR
ABROAD, THE SAME HIGH
QUALITY OF MATERIAL
AND FIRST-RATE WORK-
MANSHIP IS BUILT IN
EVERY PAIR.

PRICES:
\$18.50, \$21.50,
\$22.50, \$23.50.
OTHER MAKES:
From \$13.50.

SHOE SPECIALISTS,
PEDDER STREET.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

NOTICE

IT is proposed to hold AN OLD MARLBURIAN DINNER at the Hongkong Club on SATURDAY, OCTOBER 24th. Will all those interested please communicate with—

J. A. BARTON,
c/o Messrs. Butterfield & Swire,
Hongkong. [3763]

THE SHANGHAI HOTELS, LIMITED.
(IN VOLUNTARY LIQUIDATION.)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN in pursuance of Section 188 of the Companies Ordinance 1911-1925 that A GENERAL MEETING of the MEMBERS of the above-named Company will be held at the Office of the Hongkong & Shanghai Hotels, Ltd., 16, Des Voeux Road Central, Hongkong, on SATURDAY, the 21st NOVEMBER, 1925, at 12 o'clock Noon, for the purpose of having an Account laid before them, showing the manner in which the Winding-up has been conducted and the Property of the Company disposed of, and of hearing any explanation that may be given by the Liquidator, and also determining by Extraordinary Resolution (as provided by Section 214 of the Companies Ordinance) the way in which the Books and Papers of the Company, and of the Liquidator thereof, shall be disposed of.

Dated at Hongkong the 15th day of October, 1925.
For THE SHANGHAI HOTELS, LTD.,
WALTER J. HAWKER,
Liquidator. [3765]

HONGKONG BOY SCOUTS ASSOCIATION.

ANNUAL SWIMMING SPORTS AND OPENING OF THE NEW HEADQUARTERS.

THE SWIMMING SPORTS will take place TO-DAY, (SATURDAY), 17th OCTOBER, in the

V. R. C. BATH at 3 P.M.
At the Conclusion of which THE HON. SIR CLAUDE SEVERN, K.B.E., C.M.G. will present Certificates to the Winners.

The NEW HEADQUARTERS, Murray Barracks, Lower Albert Road, will be OPENED at 6.15 P.M. by

H.E. THE CHIEF SCOUT OF HONGKONG, Sir E. E. STUBBS, K.C.M.G.
Who will afterwards inspect the Troops and Pack on the H.K.V.D.C. Headquarters Ground.

All Friends and Supporters of the Scout Movement are warmly invited to both Functions. [3762]

HONGKONG REALTY AND TRUST COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE OF CALL.

ISSUE OF 170,000 SHARES OF THE NOMINAL VALUE OF \$10 EACH.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that A Call of \$2.50 (Two and a half pence) per share has been made on each of the One hundred and seventy thousand \$200 called up Shares of this Company, and that such Call will be payable to the Company at its Registered Office, 16, Des Voeux Road Central, Hongkong, on MONDAY, the Second day of NOVEMBER, 1925.

For the HONGKONG REALTY AND TRUST COMPANY, LIMITED,
C. F. V. RIBEIRO,
Acting Secretary.
Hongkong, 15th October, 1925. [3757]

HONGKONG REALTY AND TRUST COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that THE SECOND ORDINARY YEARLY MEETING of SHAREHOLDERS of HONGKONG REALTY AND TRUST COMPANY, LIMITED, will be held at the Hongkong Hotel, Pedder Street, Hongkong, on SATURDAY, the 7th day of NOVEMBER, 1925, at 12 o'clock Noon, for the purpose of receiving a Statement of Accounts and the Report of the Board of Directors for the Year ended the 30th June, 1925, confirming the appointment of Directors and re-electing Directors and the Auditors.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from MONDAY, the 2nd day of NOVEMBER, 1925, until SATURDAY, the 7th day of NOVEMBER, 1925, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
C. F. V. RIBEIRO,
Acting Secretary.
Hongkong, October 15th, 1925. [3768]

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

OCEAN STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.
AND
CHINA MUTUAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

CONSIGNEES per Company's Steamer "SARIEDON" are hereby notified that the Cargo will be discharged into Holt's Wharf, Kowloon, where it will be at Consignees' risk and subject to Terms and Conditions of Storage at Holt's Wharf. The Cargo will be ready for Delivery from Godowns on and after 10th October.

Optional Cargo will be landed, unless Notice has been given prior to Steamer's arrival. All broken, chipped and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on any Tuesdays and Fridays between the hours of 10.45 a.m. and Noon within the Free Storage period.

No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Steamer's Godown, and all Goods remaining uncollected after the 22nd Oct. will be subject to Sale.

All Claims against the Steamer must be presented to the Underwriter on or before the 15th Nov. or they will not be recognized. No Fire Insurance will be effected. BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents. Hongkong, 16th October, 1925. [3764]

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

OIL OF CASSIA, ANISEED, Etc.

LEADING LONDON HOUSE desires to get into Direct Touch with Actual Distillers or Exporters.—"Z. M. 105" C. O. DRAGONS, Fenchurch Avenue, London. [3768]

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Power of Attorney given by us to Mr. DEER HERMAN TE WOEHL has been REVOKED.
HANDELMATTSCHAPPE
TRANSMARINA. [3761]

NOTICE

SPECIAL CONSTABLES who performed Duty in June, July and August, 1925, are hereby notified that TRAVELLING ALLOWANCES in respect of Duties performed may be DRAWN on Personal Application at the Accounts Office, Police Headquarters, between the hours of 2 p.m. and 5 p.m. between OCTOBER, 19th and OCTOBER, 29th (SATURDAY and SUNDAY Excepted).

P. P. J. WODEHOUSE,
Captain Superintendent of Police.
16th October, 1925. [3767]

FOR SALE BY ORDER OF THE MORTGAGEE.

THE VALUABLE LEASEHOLD PROPERTY

Situate at YAUMATI in the DEPENDENCY of KOWLOON and Colony of HONGKONG and known as Section J of Kowloon Island Lot No. 1067, Together with the Premises thereon known as No. 479, NATHAN ROAD, YAUMATI.

TO BE SOLD BY
PUBLIC AUCTION
ON
WEDNESDAY THE 23RD DAY OF OCT.,
AT 3 O'CLOCK P.M.

At
No. 52, DUDDELL STREET, VICTORIA,
HONGKONG.

THE AUCTIONEERING & BROKERING CO., LTD.,
Auctioneers.

The Property consists of—
All that Piece or Parcel of Ground situate at YAUMATI in the DEPENDENCY of KOWLOON and Colony of HONGKONG and registered in the LAND OFFICE, as Section J of K.L.L. No. 1067 with the Messuages, Erections and Buildings thereon known as No. 479, NATHAN ROAD, YAUMATI. The Property is held for the Unexpired Residue of the Term of 75 years (Renewable for a further Term of 75 years) from 15th JUNE, 1890, created by an Indenture of Green Lease dated 27th AUGUST, 1903, and made between His Late Majesty KING EDWARD VII. of the one part and the HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY CO., LTD. of the other part. Annual Crown Rent: \$25.02. Area: 1,715 Square feet.

For further Particulars apply to—
MESSRS. JOHNSON, SIKES & MASTER,
Mortgagees' Solicitors,
OR TO
THE AUCTIONEERING & BROKERING CO., LTD.,
Auctioneers,
Hongkong, 16th October, 1925. [3766]

HONGKONG SMALL INVESTORS' SHARE AND REAL ESTATES CO.

WE have Investors interested in SOUND LOCAL AND RUBBER SHARES at Favourable Rates. Offers invited by TELEPHONE, G. 469, or in Writing to SMALL INVESTORS, 10, Des Voeux Road. [3764]

TO LET.

ON or About MARCH, 1926, WHOLE FLAT or PARTS SUITE OF OFFICES in the "FRENCH BUILDING" at "VICTORIA BUILDING," No. 5, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL (between CHARTERED BANK and MERCANTILE BANK).

Apply to—
BANQUE DE L'INDOCHINE,
Chater Road. [3637]

TO LET.

COMMODOUS PREMISES on GROUND FLOOR, 16A, Des Voeux Road CENTRAL. Would make Admirable Showroom. For full particulars, apply to—

THE MANAGER,
HONGKONG AND CHINA GAS CO. [3514]

TO LET.

GODOWNS in ALEXANDRA BUILDING (Basement).
Apply—
SECRETARY,
A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.
2032

TO LET.

OFFICES in UNION BUILDING—THREE ROOMS on FIFTH FLOOR.
Apply—
UNION INSURANCE SOCIETY OF CANTON, LTD. [317]

INTIMATIONS

NOTICE

THE DAIRY FARM, ICE AND COLD STORAGE CO., LTD.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE TWENTY-NINTH ORDINARY ANNUAL MEETING of Shareholders in the above Company will be held at the Company's Town Office, 2, Lower Albert Road, Hongkong, on SATURDAY, 21st OCTOBER, 1925, at Noon, for the purpose of presenting the Report of the Directors and Statement of Accounts to 31st July, 1925. The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 15th to the 24th OCTOBER, 1925, both days inclusive.

By Order,
M. MANUK,
Secretary. [3766]
Hongkong, 8th October, 1925.

BY ORDER OF THE MORTGAGEES.

PUBLIC AUCTION OF THE VALUABLE LEASEHOLD PROPERTY

Situate at VICTORIA in the Colony of Hongkong and known as SUBSECTION 5 of SECTION E of INLAND LOT No. 591, with the Building thereon known as No. 42, BONHAM ROAD.

By MESSRS. LAMBERT BROTHERS, AT THEIR SALESROOM,
No. 5, DUDDELL STREET, VICTORIA, HONGKONG
ON
MONDAY, the 19th DAY OF OCT., 1925,
AT 3 O'CLOCK P.M.

For further Particulars and Conditions of Sale, Apply to—
MESSRS. WOO & NASH,
Mortgagees' Solicitors,
Bank of China Building,
OR TO—
MESSRS. LAMBERT BROTHERS,
Auctioneers,
No. 5, DUDDELL STREET,
Hongkong, 9th October, 1925. [3746]

BY ORDER OF THE MORTGAGEE.

PUBLIC AUCTION OF THE VALUABLE LEASEHOLD PROPERTY

Situate at SHAMSHUIPO in the Colony of Hongkong and registered at the LAND OFFICE as SECTION B of NEW KOWLOON INLAND LOT No. 26, Together with the Building thereon now known as No. 36, LAI CHI KOK ROAD.

AND
THE VALUABLE LEASEHOLD PROPERTY

Situate at SHAMSHUIPO aforesaid and registered at the LAND OFFICE as SECTION D of NEW KOWLOON INLAND LOT No. 26, Together with the Building thereon now known as Nos. 135 and 135, KI LUNG STREET.

IN TWO LOTS
By M. E. V. M. R. DE SOUSA, Auctioneer,
No. 4, DUDDELL STREET, Hongkong
ON
THURSDAY, the 29th DAY OF OCT., 1925,
AT 3 O'CLOCK P.M.

For further Particulars and Conditions of Sale, Apply to—
MESSRS. G. O. K. HALL BRUTON & CO.,
Mortgagees' Solicitors,
"St. George's Building, Chater Road,
OR TO—
M. E. V. M. R. DE SOUSA,
Auctioneer,
No. 4, DUDDELL STREET, Hongkong.
Dated the 15th October, 1925. [3768]

ANGKOR.

SERVICES CONTRACTUELS DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

NOTICE

CONSIGNEES of Cargo from MARSEILLE, cargo from Bordeaux ex s/s "Ville de Verdun" cargo from Bordeaux ex s/s "Antinous" also cargo from Havre & Cognac ex s/s "St. Mages".

In connection with above Steamer are hereby informed that their Goods with the exception of Opium, Treasures and Valuables are being landed and stored at their risk into the Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd., Kowloon, whence Delivery may be obtained immediately after landing.

Optional Cargo will be forwarded on unless intimation is received from the Consignees before 1 p.m. To-day, requesting it to be landed here. Bills of Lading will be countersigned by the Underwriter. Goods remaining unclaimed after Monday, the 19th instant at Noon, will be subject to Rent and Landing Charges.

All Claims must be sent in to me on or before Thursday, the 22nd instant 1925, or they will not be recognized. All damaged Packages will be examined on Monday, the 19th instant at 10 a.m. by Messrs. Goddard & Douglas. No Fire Insurance has been effected. R. BODENFUSER, Agent. Hongkong, 13th October, 1925. [3764]

PREPAID "WANTED" ADVERTISEMENTS

TO LET.—Portion of Third Floor of STURGEON'S BUILDING. Suitable for Two Large Offices or Several Smaller Ones. Well Lighted. Apply—DRAGONS, Prince's Building. [125]

WANTED—A FEW SHIP DRAFTSMEN for Temporary Service must have some knowledge of English. Apply—CHINA CONSTRUCTION, Naval Yard. [127]

INTIMATION

WATSON'S Celebrated DRY GINGER ALE

Its unique 'dryness' delightful aroma and rich flavour are features which give this beverage the IMMENSE POPULARITY it deserves.

It has been repeatedly declared by travellers, tourists and others, that WATSON'S DRY GINGER ALE is UNEQUALLED by any similar product throughout the world.

"PYERIS"

SPARKLING MINERAL WATER.

A Delicious Table Water, healthful and refreshing. Surpassing in quality the celebrated European Spa Waters.

Blends excellently with Wines and Spirits, especially Whisky.

IN QUARTS, PINTS & SPLITS.

A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.

ANEBATED WATER MANUFACTURERS.

ESTABLISHED 1841. [50]

BIRTH.

BIRTH.—On October 15th, the wife of B. D. F. BEITH, a daughter. [3769]

Hongkong Office: 1a, Chater Road.
London Office: 131, Fleet Street, E.C.

The Daily Press.

HONGKONG, OCTOBER 17TH, 1925.

A CANTON BUDGET.

Last week Hongkong produced its Budget and it is interesting to note that Canton, no doubt encouraged by our excellent example, is now preparing to produce a Budget also. It will be instructive to compare the two sets of figures when they are available.

So far, however, the officials of the Kuomintang have not gone beyond the investigation stage. A special Commission has been appointed to examine the financial resources of the Province, and, for the time being, we must content ourselves with a reference to the courageous way in which the members of this Commission are approaching a task calculated to daunt all but the most stout-hearted.

Let us give credit where credit is due. We can imagine no public work more trying than a close enquiry into the income and expenditure of the Canton Administration at this particular juncture.

According to the Canton Gazette the aim and object of the Commission is "to construct correctly the first budget; to designate the important landmarks of the plan; to the organization of the financial house-keeping of Kwangtung; to balance the Government expenditure and income; to determine the amount of those funds which can be received by the Government from all sources to meet the Government's demands, without lowering the well-being of the population as a whole or any of its classes, and to view these demands in their entirety." No wonder the comment is made "that systematic, stubborn and continuous work in the right direction" is needed. It is the labour of Sisyphus that is involved, and if the ill-starred

members of the Commission carry it through successfully we will adopt the gesture of homage and respect made famous by Lord Rothermere and gladly "take off our hat to them." Day by day we hear of protests by inhabitants of different districts against illegal taxation. Scarcely a week passes without the news of a strike in some trade or other on account of the heavy financial burdens which the people are being forced to bear. Two days ago even the pig dealers stopped business because they found it was not possible to continue under the heavy imposts recently levied.

It is certain that the proposed new taxes on silk will never be collected. The sooner the Commission realise that it is impossible for them to produce a satisfactory budget—or for any Government to carry on indefinitely—under conditions such as these, the better.

TRAINING LITTLE BOLSHEVIKS.

When the students left the Hongkong Schools vowing vengeance against the "Imperialists" for giving them a good, sound education practically free of charge, they were received with open arms by the Kwangtung University. It was said that the University had decided to treat them more liberally than the Hongkong Government had done. Even a nominal monthly fee for their instruction would not be required. In characteristic Chinese fashion, having accomplished so much, the students then tried to secure free board and lodging also.

This concession, however, the University authorities gently but firmly denied them. Now we come to the sequel. The Committee of the University have agreed that students of various professions ought to receive two years military training before being granted graduation diplomas. A special military director has been employed and a delegate from the Army is already busily engaged in mapping out a preliminary course.

Military training, under proper safeguards, may not be a bad thing in itself, but we doubt exceedingly whether the Hongkong students will relish this new procedure. Perhaps, as a little coating for the pill, therefore, attempts are being made to inaugurate a system of scholarships. Those young men who appear to profit most from their lessons are to be sent to continue their studies abroad. They are to go to imbibe the wisdom of—Moscow.

THOSE RUSSIANS.

An air of mystery seems often to be attached to the movements of bodies of Russians. At the beginning of the Great War, everyone in England believed that several train loads of Russian troops had been conveyed swiftly and secretly from one end of the country to the other. Thousands of people had "actually seen them." But those Russian troops never existed. In Hongkong, we have had continual reports of Russians going to Canton. Every boat from the North destined for the Southern Capital has carried a number, ranging from a dozen to two or three hundred. Those people who have seen them are, we imagine, suffering from the same peculiar delusion as the English people in 1912. There are, according to authentic information, only 100 Russians associated with the Canton Government—80 of these are military officers and 40 are engaged in the Civil Administration.

What is true, is the capture by the Chinese cruisers at Swatow of a large consignment of rifles and ammunition from a boat proceeding to Canton from Vladivostok. The haul should put considerable heart into CHAN KWING MINA's party. The Peking Government are particularly anxious that the troubles in the South, which are becoming an intolerable nuisance to them and a menace to their policy, should be settled as quickly as possible. To hasten the end they are strongly supporting CHAI and have sent gunboats to these waters solely for the purpose of intercepting munitions of war on the way to the Bolsheviks.

Three new recruits for the Hongkong Police Force arrived by the Mantua from Home on Thursday.

The Hongkong Interport Golf Team left for Manila yesterday by the s.s. *President McKinley*.

No cases of notifiable disease were recorded in the Colony during the 24 hours ended on October 14th.

A dance under the auspices of H.M.S. *Ambrase* was held at the Royal Naval Canteen Theatre last night.

H.M.S. *Harrier* returned yesterday and took up her old anchorage, after having been at Mrs Bay for a few days.

Mrs. Bontrich Thompson returned to the Colony from Home on the Blue Funnel s.s. *Sarpedon* on Thursday.

The *Canton Gazette* says that on Sunday an aeroplane crashed to earth at Tungshan, but the aviator and the mechanic were fortunately unhurt.

The master of the s.s. *President McKinley* reported to the Harbour Office yesterday that one Chinese died during the voyage from Shanghai to Hongkong.

Ted Sanborn, the xylophonist, who again appeared at the Star Theatre, Kowloon, last night, will give final performances to-day at 5.30 and 8.15 p.m.

The *Diario de Macao* states that on Wednesday morning there was an explosion in a fire cracker factory at Mongha. One man was killed and another seriously injured.

Special constables who performed duty during June, July and August are notified that travelling allowances in respect of duties performed may be drawn on personal application at the Accounts Office, Police Headquarters.

A Japanese named Kashima appeared before Mr. E. W. Hamilton at the Kowloon Magistracy yesterday, on a charge of being drunk and inebriated, and was fined the maximum penalty of \$15, with one month's imprisonment in default.

At Da Rocha's mané d'Aguiar Street, yesterday, Mr. A. G. da Rocha offered for sale the leasehold property known as No. 54, Wellington Street. Bidding began at \$15,000 and the property was knocked down to Mr. Lam Ho To for \$23,800.

The Secretary of the Hongkong Jockey Club has received a cable, stating that six more subscription griffins have been shipped from Shanghai. The ponies are on board the s.s. *Siaming*, which is expected to arrive here on Monday or Tuesday.

The forthcoming weddings are announced. Of Mr. Joseph George Meyer, of Empress Lodge, Kowloon, to Miss Dorothy Beard, who arrives in the Colony by the s.s. *Pattocchia*, and of Mr. F. X. L. de Faria of No. 24, Robinson Road, to Miss M. M. Tam, of St. Joseph's Building.

The case in which Cheung Hi, a painter's shop *fuki* is charged with the murder of an old man at Tai Kok Tsui on September 20th, was continued before Mr. E. W. Hamilton at the Kowloon Magistracy yesterday afternoon, when Police and *fukis* employed in the shop gave evidence. His Worship again adjourned the case.

The feast of St. Margaret Mary tomorrow is to be made the occasion of the blessing of the new Church of that name in Broadwood Road by the Very Reverend Father G. M. Spada, provincial apostolic of Hongkong. The service of blessing will take place at 3.30 a.m. and at the evening service the preacher will be the Rev. Fr. A. Lane.

Among the passengers leaving to-day for Home by the P. & O. s.s. *Malwa*, which sails at noon for "Marseilles" and London, are Major-General C. C. Luard, C.B.E., C.M.G. (General Officer Commanding the Forces in China), and Mrs. Luard, Captain Maxwell Scott, Senior Naval Officer, West River, and Mr. H. D. Hilliard, Commissioner of Customs at Kowloon.

There were several salutes fired by naval vessels yesterday. The Japanese cruiser *Tsuburu* (Capt. Tomioka) arrived and saluted the Commodore of the Port, the *Tamir* replying. Admiral Lee of the Chinese Navy was then saluted and the *Hai Yu* replied. The Portuguese cruiser *República* was saluted with eleven guns when H.E. the Governor of Macao visited her, and replied with a similar number. The Japanese Consul went on board the Japanese cruiser and when he left eleven guns were fired by the *Tsuburu*.

At the Central Magistracy yesterday, Chan Chau, the master of the Chinese steamer *Poo Sang*, again appeared on remand before Mr. S. B. B. McElderry on a charge of allowing his ship to be used for the unlawful transportation of opium. After hearing the defence, His Worship convicted and fined defendant \$5,000, or six months' imprisonment in default. It will be recalled that in this case revenue officers, after clearing away about 100 tons of opium in the vessel's bunkers, found 3,100 tins of opium packed in tightly screwed containers.

Following upon his welcome at the Club Lusitano on Thursday, Macao's new Governor, H.E. Colonel Maia Magalhães, accompanied by his wife, was given a reception yesterday at the Club de Recreio, Kowloon. He was received by Mr. E. V. M. R. de Sousa (president of the Club). Others present were the Portuguese Consul-General (Mr. C. de Albuquerque e Castro), Mr. A. F. B. Silva-Netto, Mr. C. A. da Roza, Mr. E. Leal and a large number of the Portuguese community of the Colony. H.E. the Governor of Macao will have tiffin with H.E. the Governor at Government House to-day, and will leave for Macao on the warship *República* to-morrow morning.

CABLES.

LATEST CABLES.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

PRINCE OF WALES.

ALL READY TO EXTEND
THUNDEROUS WELCOME.

ARRIVAL AT PORTSMOUTH.

LONDON, October 16th.

Everything is in readiness to give the Prince of Wales a thunderous welcome to-day, on his return from an extremely successful tour.

"Britain's Greatest Ambassador," is the text of newspaper leaders and full-page articles, recounting the stages of the tour; extolling new friendships made and old friendships consolidated, especially in South Africa where the popularity with which he was greeted alike by Dutch, British, Indians and natives made his visit a landmark in the relations between Britain and the Dominions.

HOME AT LAST.

LATER.

The Prince of Wales aboard H.M.S. *Repulse* arrived at Portsmouth at noon, on his return from his tour in South Africa and South America. H.M.S. *Repulse* was escorted by destroyers and flying boats. There was a slight haze and drizzling rain.

All ships in harbour were dressed with flags. The crews of the warships in the harbour manned ship and cheered.

HELLO NEW YORK!

DIRECT TELEPHONE CONNECTION
WITH LONDON.

A SOVEREIGN CALL.

LONDON, October 16th.

A direct London to New York telephone exchange is about to become a reality, with the announcement that the contractors have completed the transmission station at Rugby.

The receiving station at Chelmsford, Somerset, has successfully demonstrated the possibility of conducting the service, which only awaited the completion of the station.

It is stated that the cost of a three-minute conversation to any telephone subscriber in London will probably not exceed twenty shillings.

COMMUNISTS IN COURT.

GALLACHER AND BELL ARE
REMAINED.

LONDON, October 16th.

The Communist leaders, Messrs. Gallacher and Bell, mentioned yesterday, were brought up at Bow Street this morning on a charge of conspiracy and offences under the incitement to mutiny Act. They were remanded for a week, bail being allowed in £100 each.

SYDNEY STRIKERS.

SEAMEN TO GIVE ULTIMATUM TO
MR. JUSTICE POWERS.

SYDNEY, October 16th.

A mass meeting of strikers decided that representatives of all the seamen at the compulsory conference to be held on October 19th should inform Mr. Justice Powers that they cannot participate in negotiations while any strikers remain in gaol.

A MISSING COURIER.

LITHUANIAN DISAPPEARS FROM
TRAIN.

MOSCOW, October 17th.

While travelling between Sebej and Moscow yesterday, a Lithuanian diplomatic courier disappeared from the train. His official and personal baggage have been handed over to the Lithuanian Mission at Moscow.

EARLIER CABLES.

RADICALS IN FRANCE.

QUESTION OF REVIVAL OF LEFT
CARTEL.

NICE, October 15th.

Half a dozen Ministers attended the Radical Party Congress, at which the main problem is whether the Left cartel, which was seriously weakened in the last session, shall be revived, assuming that the Socialists, who withdrew, agree. M. Herriot, presiding, favoured this course, and also renewed his advocacy of a capital levy.

LATEST CABLES.

APPEAL FOR SUPPORT.

NICE, October 16th.

The Committee of the Radical Party Congress, after an animated debate, adopted a motion, calling on the delegates who were elected to the Chamber to support the Government.

LATEST CABLES.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LOCARNO CONFERENCE.

FRENCH PRESS PLEASED AT
FINAL RESULT.

PARIS, October 16th.

The papers rejoice at the happy issue of the negotiations at Locarno and state that the value of the Security Pact will be contingent on the loyalty of the signatories.

Le Petit Parisien says that a great step has been made towards Europe's pacification, because from the beginning the negotiators were able to establish between them a sympathetic atmosphere and entire solidarity. M. Briand and Mr. Austen Chamberlain noted a great part in the success.

Le Figaro remarks that the Pact means Germany's final solemn renunciation of Alsace Lorraine.

EARLIER CABLES.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

ARBITRATION TREATIES.

LONDON, October 16th.

A British communiqué states that the Conference, after adopting the text of the draft of the Security Pact, took up the question of the arbitration treaties. It invited representatives of Poland and Czechoslovakia to join the meeting to hear statements in regard to the work of the jurists on the draft treaties of arbitration between Germany and France on the one part; and Germany and Belgium on the other, the texts of which had been adopted by the delegations concerned.

The representatives of Poland and Czechoslovakia then gave the Conference an account of their own negotiations with the representatives of the German Government, with regard to the drafting of the arbitration treaties between Germany and Poland on the one part; and Germany and Czechoslovakia on the other.

DR. BENES PLEASED.

It is expected that the five Treaties will be initiated to-morrow and signed in London in a fortnight's time. The texts will probably be published early next week.

A special meeting of the Assembly of the League will be called after signature to admit Germany into the League, probably in December.

Dr. Benes said to-day: "At length the Versailles Treaty has become a workable and living pact."

DAY OF IMPORTANCE.

PARIS, October 16th.

M. Painlevé has telegraphed to M. Briand the warmest congratulations of the Government. He declared that to-day was of historical importance.

PRESSMEN ENTERTAINED.

LOCARNO, October 16th.

The pressmen were entertained by the delegates at a luncheon, two hundred guests being present. Mr. Chamberlain, who was given an ovation, stressed the co-operation of all and the determination to solve the difficulties; consequently, the difficulties vanished like darkness. Nobody could claim a triumph. Mr. Chamberlain added that the relations between European countries had been founded at Locarno on a basis of absolute equality, goodwill and mutual consideration, which would have an immediate repercussion in international pacification.

After the luncheon, there was a general exodus to the villa, quarters of Signor Mussolini, who acknowledged the greetings of the crowd. Mr. Chamberlain later formally called on Signor Mussolini. It was noteworthy that after the luncheon Dr. Luther thanked Mr. Chamberlain for all he had done and clicked glasses with him. M. Briand also congratulated Mr. Chamberlain.

FRANCO-GERMAN OPINION.

It is semi-officially stated, that Government circles regard the result of the conference as extremely satisfactory for all the Powers concerned, but *Reuter's* Berlin correspondent says a guarded tone is apparent in press comment over the adoption of the draft of the Security Pact pending a solution of such questions as its effect on the Rhineland occupation, the Saar régime and other unarranged matters.

THE EASTERN TREATY.

LOCARNO, October 16th.

The Polish, Czech and German jurists, assisted by British and French experts, have completed their work and reached an understanding on the Eastern arbitration treaty. Mr. Austen Chamberlain and M. Briand conferred the whole evening on the German proposals for the evacuation of the Rhineland and the demands regarding the Saar, which may slightly delay the initialing, though they do not form a serious obstacle.

EARLIER CABLES.

COAL COMMISSION.

BLACK OUTLOOK AT OPENING OF
SESSION.

LONDON, October 16th.

There was a large attendance of the public at the first sitting of the Coal Commission in Westminster Hall which was attended by representatives of the Miners' Federation and Mining Association.

Mr. Ernest Gowers, Permanent Under Secretary for Mines, stated that the present demand and consequently the present output of British coal had descended to the level of twenty years ago but the industry was employing upwards of a quarter of a million more persons. The consumption of the ex-customers Russia, Germany and Austria was reduced by 46,000,000 tons.

Replying to Mr. Beveridge, Mr. Gowers mentioned that seven men were now employed where previously there had been six. He agreed that the pre-war standard of wages was only maintainable by an increased output per head of the employees or by a material increase in the prices of coal relative to other articles. He said he realised that he had painted a most gloomy picture.

COMMUNISM IN FRANCE.

DEMONSTRATORS ARE DISPERSED
BY FORCE.

PARIS, October 16th.

A Communist demonstration outside the Bolshevik Pavilion of the Decorative Arts Exhibition was forcibly dispersed. Forty arrests were made.

The Communist Mayor of Saint Denis has been suspended for a month for a grave dereliction of duty in allowing the public services to be held up on October 12th, when the Communists attempted a general strike.

The Communist Mayor and Deputy Mayor of the Halluin Department du Nord have also been suspended for abusing the privileges of their office.

AUSTRALIAN ELECTIONS.

NO WOMAN CANDIDATES.

MELBOURNE, October 15th.

The nomination lists show 164 candidates for 75 seats in the House of Representatives, and 50 for 22 vacancies in the Senate. There are no woman candidates. Every seat has been contested.

RUHR EVACUATION.

LAST FRENCH FORCE LEAVES.

BERLIN, October 15th.

The last French detachment was withdrawn from the Ruhr to-day, thus making the complete inter-Allied military evacuation of the region.

LATEST CABLES.

[REUTER'S AMERICAN SERVICE.]

LINER STRANDED.

E.S. "RODYK" ON ROCKS OFF
BENTICK ISLAND.

VICTORIA, B.C., October 16th.

The Holland-America liner *Rodyk* has stranded off Bentick Island. Number one hold and the forepeak are flooded. It is believed the vessel is grounded fast. A salvage steamer is standing by.

U.S. SUBMARINE'S ESCAPE.

NUMBER 25 RAMS MINESWEEPER
OFF SAN DIEGO.

SAN DIEGO, October 16th.

Another United States Navy submarine narrowly escaped disaster to-day. Whilst coming to the surface, after executing a tactical manoeuvre, submarine number 25, with nose up, rammed a minesweeper. The submarine lost its periscope and aerials, but did not ship any water. Several plates of the minesweeper were stove in. Both vessels reached port safely.

EARLIER CABLES.

RUBBER IN LIBERIA.

FIRESTONE COMPANY OBTAINS
BIG CONCESSION.

NEW YORK, October 15th.

Mr. Harvey Firestone, President of the Firestone Tire and Rubber Company, has announced that he has signed an agreement with the Republic of Liberia, whereby he has obtained a 99-year lease on a million-acre suitable for rubber growing and a 2,000-acre rubber plantation fully matured and bearing rubber. It is planned to spend one hundred million dollars in developing the lease.

FAR EASTERN CABLE

NEWS.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

THE SHANGHAI ENQUIRY.

ALLEGED STATEMENT OF STUD-
ENTS SPEAKING IN GERMAN.

AN ANTI-JAPANESE DEMONSTRATION.

SHANGHAI, October 16th.

Evidence at the inquiry to-day, into the incidents of May 30th, comprised the testimony of police officers, who were with Inspector Everson during May 30th. It was principally a repetition of Inspector Everson's evidence.

Detective Sergeant Tabrum, replying to Sir Henry Gollan, said the only reason he could see for the sudden change of temper of the crowd, was the arrest of the original students and the incitement to violence by their friends.

Detective Sergeant Rapp said that some students in the crowd, speaking in German, told him that 1,000 students were demonstrating in the Settlement on May 30th against the Japanese.

"AUTUMN MANOEUVRES."

IS EXCUSE OF CHEKIANG TUPAN
FOR MOVEMENT OF TROOPS.

SHANGHAI, October 16th.

Mr. Silas Strawn, also the Dutch delegate to the Tariff Conference and the Danish Minister to China, left Shanghai for Peking last evening. They were held up several hours en route last night, owing to the transportation of the Fengtien troops to Changchow.

The incident will cause the travellers a day's delay.

The troops of Sun Chuan Fang, Tupan of Chekiang, continue moving towards Hsing but not in the direction of Shanghai.

Local Chinese predict the eventual retreat of the Fengtien forces across the Yangtze unless reinforcements are quickly sent to Nanking.

General Sun Chuan Fang still asserts that his movements are only Autumn manoeuvres.

LATER.

One thousand Chekiang troops have arrived on the outskirts of the Settlement this afternoon. It is reported that more are following.

FRIENDLY ENEMIES.

The Chekiangites arrived at Markham Road junction, where they detained and marched to Shanghai Station, whence the last of the Fengtien troops had just departed, excepting fifty details. These were cut off but they are now fraternising with the Chekiangites.

A NIGHT OF TERROR.

TSINGTAO THREATENED BY
UNPAID NAVAL MEN.

TSINGTAO, October 16th.

Tsingtao experienced a night of terror last night, when two gun-boats threatened to shell the city after their demand for pay—several months in arrears—was only partly met.

It was feared that the sailors, under cover of the ships' fire, would try to effect a landing, and loot the city.

The Consulates and public buildings were heavily guarded.

The military authorities sent an ultimatum to the commanders of the gun-boats to surrender; negotiations are proceeding.

CUSTOMS CONFERENCE.

THE ATTITUDE OF WASHINGTON
IS FURTHER EXPLAINED.

LONDON, October 16th.

The Washington *Morning Post* positively denies "on the highest authority" the report that the United States are prepared to act independently in regard to the Chinese Customs conference unless all the Powers accept the American proposals.

The correspondent declares that he was informed that the Washington Government, realising that nothing can be accomplished unless all the Powers agree, has from the beginning done its utmost to effect united action, and will continue to maintain that policy. The President hopes to remove any legitimate Chinese grievance, while in no wise sacrificing the legitimate rights of the rest of the world.

BRITISH MINISTER TO PEKING.

COMMENT ON SIR ROBERT
MACLEAY'S RETURN.

The political correspondent of the *Sunday Times* writing in the issue of September 20th said: "It is a good thing for us, and for China, too, that Sir Ronald Macleay, our Minister at Peking is at last able to return to his post. He left London yesterday in very much better health, thanks to some radical dental surgery, than he has been for the past two years. His illness has been a great misfortune, because Sir Ronald knows China and is on excellent terms not only with his brother diplomats, but with the officials at Peking. But he has not wasted his time in London. He has been in constant touch with the Foreign Office, and a good deal of the long and authoritative speech which Mr. Chamberlain delivered on Friday (at the luncheon of the China Association) was based on representations made to him by Sir Ronald. His first business on reaching China will be the Tariff Conference, and I should say that the British Government, under his advice, would be quite ready to make considerable fiscal concessions if thereby the authority of the Central Government could be strengthened and the Provinces relieved from the necessity of levying their incessant tributes on internal trade."

Sir Robert Macleay arrived in Tokyo last Tuesday en route to Peking.

"THE GREAT PANDOLFO."

MR. W. J. LOCKE'S LATEST
NOVEL.

THE GREAT PANDOLFO. By William J.

Locke. (John Lane, 1s. 6d.)

Sir Victor Pandolfo (he got a K.B.E. for inventing an anti-submarine device during the war) was the son of an Italian who sold plaster-casts in the London streets. And little Victor revealed an extraordinary capacity for making all sorts of things out of nothing in particular. A scholarship or two, coincident with greater prosperity as his father rose in the world, and Victor became a famous inventor and presently the discoverer of Paulinism, a new metal.

He was a flamboyant person, who believed in his own ability to make everybody obey him, and he determined to marry Paula Field, daughter of an ancient house. But Paula had a will of her own, too, and in a fit of despair, or pique, or sheer, silly sulks—Victor married, instead, the English widow of a French count—a woman as thoroughly bad as her late husband. She did the only decent thing in her life when she destroyed it, and left Victor free. But meanwhile the vein of ore which had been the secret of the new metal petered out, and the Great Pandolfo's career came to a sudden stop. Then, of course, Paula relented.

Mr. Locke has a knack of making one smile and sigh at the same time over the oddities of his characters, and one sympathises with Pandolfo even while laughing at him; he had his great moments as well as his absurd hours, and one feels that there is still a future for him, greater, perhaps, than his meteoric past. Paula is a delightful person, and her cheery common-sense makes her a refreshing contrast to some of the people she meets.

There is a sly tilt, too, at the pomposity of a certain highly placed Civil Servant. Altogether a most readable book.

TRY THESE.

APPLE RECIPES YOU WILL LIKE.

SPICED APPLES.—Choose six fairly large apples as much the same size as possible. Peel and core without breaking them, put them into a casserole, and sprinkle over them one piece of stick cinnamon broken in pieces, 4 cloves, 2 blades of mace, 2 allspice, 1 teaspoonful of nutmeg, 6oz. of brown sugar. Pour in 1 gill of cider, cover the casserole, and bake in a moderate oven until the apples are soft. Serve cold with or without cream.

APPLE CROQUETTES. are another dish well worth trying. Peel, core, and chop finely about 6 apples, put them into a pan with a gill of water, and simmer gently until the apples are soft. Rub them through a sieve and add 1lb. of breadcrumbs, 1 teaspoonful of lemon rind, 1 teaspoonful of grated nutmeg, 1lb. of finely chopped and stoned raisins or sultanas, and 4oz. of brown sugar. Mix these ingredients well together, shape them into balls, roll them in flour until coated all over and fry pale brown in hot fat. Drain them on soft paper and dish on a d'oyley on a hot dish. Sift caster sugar over and hand wine sauce.

APPLE SNOW.—Cut six small sponge cakes into thin slices, put them into a glass dish and pour over a wineglassful of sherry. Let this soak into the cakes, and then cover them with 1 pint of cream or custard. Bake 8 large apples, and when soft remove the pulp with a spoon. Put it into a basin and beat it up when cold with the whites of 3 eggs until it looks like snow. Sweeten, if necessary, and pile it over the sponge cakes.

THIRTY-FIVE-FOOT DIVE.

PERFORMANCE BY BARONET
OF 78.

"I am feeling quite fit," said Sir Claude Champion de Crespigny, the 78-year-old baronet, to a *Daily Chronicle* representative after taking part in a "double dive" with a partner, from a height of 35 feet into Highgate Pond.

In response to the request of a deputation of photographers, who, owing to the secrecy of the arrangements, had been unable to get a picture of the dive, Sir Claude expressed his willingness to repeat it, but was dissuaded by Lady de Crespigny, who had watched her husband's performance with some anxiety.

Sir Claude, who is president of the Amateur Diving Association, had as his partner in the dive a man only eight years his junior, Mr. Otto Hagborg, one of the pioneers of high diving in this country, and a vice-president and founder of the association.

YOUNG SWIMMERS' ENVY.

The septuagenarians' feat was watched by a large Saturday afternoon holiday crowd. As a preliminary Mr. Hagborg produced a bottle of oil and began to anoint his partner but Sir Claude (who in a recent interview deplored the "flabbiness" of modern young men) would have none of it. "I don't want the stuff; I shan't get cold," he said.

From the highest platform of the diving-board the dive was made. Sir Claude knelt down. Mr. Hagborg then inserted his shoulders between the baronet's legs and clasped him round the neck. The baronet himself clasped Mr. Hagborg round the waist.

In this position they dived from the 35 feet high platform, and struck the water almost perpendicularly and so neatly that the splash caused little more than a ripple in the water. Much younger swimmers looked on enviously.

"If young men went in more for swimming and diving, they would have more pluck and grit," Sir Claude remarked later.

CHALLENGE TO DUEL.

The baronet is an all-round sportsman. Five years ago he caused a stir in Society by challenging Lord Kenyon to a duel to settle a dispute regarding their respective military service. The challenge was not accepted.

Other notable events in Sir Claude's career are:—

First to cross North Sea in a balloon.

Steered a 25-foot yacht from Maldon, Essex, to Calais, and then by canal to Marseilles and the Riviera.

Served with Prussian Guards in Franco-German War.

Swam cataract rapids of the Nile in Egyptian War defying crocodiles and the enemy.

Challenged John Burns to meet him in ring of National Sporting Club.

In an article in *The Daily Chronicle* two years ago Sir Claude said: "Quite frequently I have walked 26 miles to visit a friend for lunch, and on one occasion I walked from my home in Essex to the Grand Hotel, London, winning thereby a wager of half a crown. I do not smoke, and never drink between meals. Spirits I only take medicinally, but I should not care to be deprived of my port, a pint of which—Martinez 1904 for choice—I drink every night of my life."

"THE MIRACLE" IN GERMANY.

LADY DIANA DUFF COOPER ON
HER AUDIENCE.

TRIBUTE OF SILENCE.

Lady Diana Duff Cooper, who recently returned to London from Salzburg after appearing in eight performances of *The Miracle*, was enthusiastic in praise of her audiences of German peasants in an interview to-day.

"Salzburg was wonderful, and I don't think that I have ever had so impressive an audience during the whole time I have been in *'The Miracle'*," she said, to an *Evening Standard* representative.

"I was most struck by the attitude of the peasants, who came in from their fields in thousands on the day when they were admitted without charge. There was none of the usual behaviour of provincial audiences, but they sat throughout the play without a sound."

STAGE VIEW OF AUDIENCE.

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"The new theatre at Salzburg is wonderful. The great house has been rebuilt from what was a riding school, and is destined to be the centre of the theatre, the same way that Bayreuth was the centre of music."

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1926.

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PARIS FASHION NOTES.

[FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT, ISABEL RAMSAY.]

Paris, September 7th.

There was a time when evening wraps were events—when they marked epochs in one's life. So magnificent and overbearing were they that any look worn with them paled into insignificance. The wrap was the thing and the robe beneath but a pale echo of loveliness in comparison. But, the modern designer strikes such a nice balance between the wrap and the gown now that one merely completes the other. One ensemble of this kind which I was admiring recently showed a dress in a deep yellow shade of crepe Romain and for wear over it, a straight simple coat of the same material. Tiny bows were made use of to tie together the tunic of the frock, a note which was repeated on the collar of the coat, this being nothing but a shaggy mass of tiny bows. Another ensemble was in tomato coloured crepe, with collar and cuffs finished with bands of mink, for wear over a gown of the same shade. But, whatever the shade or whatever the material, the effect is that of simplicity rather than sumptuousness.

HECTIC RAPIDITY.

It would seem that fashions change slowly in this age when everything else moves with such a hectic rapidity, for who can remember the time when any kind of handling but a large flat envelope-shaped one has been smart. It must be years. But, now a new type is becoming chic. It is large and flat, but made in a pouch fashion and fitted with a clasp that is a cunning little locked metal device. Leather is the material most frequently employed, but heavy ottoman or moiré silk is also used a great deal, especially for the more "dressy" models. Very simple and severe, they are, yet far more imaginative than the purses we have been used to carrying for so long. And, moreover, they permit of more elaboration in the way of fittings, a boon to the prudent woman who wants to fit into her bag a whole array of cosmetics as well as, her money purse, handkerchief, and other odds and ends.

The diamond's the thing! But the lovely stones don't express a great many women and certainly don't go with a great many costumes. Moreover, there are women, smart women at that, who simply won't wear them. Semi-precious stones for rings are quite the vogue, happily enough. Black onyx cut in large oblongs is worn on rings on the little finger; jade, of the pink, white or green variety is worn in the same way, to match a curiously-carved pendant of jade hanging round the neck on a narrow moiré ribbon, an ornament of jade stuck through the front of the hat, or perhaps one of the fashionable cigarette cases in jade with the initials of the owner set in the center in tiny brilliants. A novel idea is to have a little finger ring composed of two pearls (imitation if one can not afford the genuine species) one black and other pink. Plain wide ribbons of chain is another inexpensive novelty of the season. As to the wedding ring, it grows thinner and more transparent than ever. Soon, if it continues, it will be almost invisible.

TOILETTE IMPLEMENTS

Now that it is smart to have only a very few articles on one's dressing table, the day of colossal "sets" of "toilette implements," figuring in engraved silver, gold or tortoise shell is over. One has only one bare necessities now, but these must be chosen with consummate care. Two lovely bottles, a flat bowl for pins and jewellery, and an amusing powder jar were the only "implements" figuring on a charming Empire dressing table I saw the other day in a tastefully-decorated home. The bottles were Empire in shape, and of cut crystal, and in the yellow one was a hucious amber perfume, and in the other an essence of violet, which is as we know, of a deep velvety green shade. The powder jar, was modern in design, of amber crystal like the bottle, and with a charming nude figure bent across the top for a handle.

Not so long ago, a hat was a synonym for a felt hat, so overwhelmingly popular was this material for headgear. With the arrival of Spring, came straw, then a mixture of straw and silk. Now the silk hat has arrived for showing off with the silken dresses of Summer. This is only as it should be for a silk hat seems to be the natural accompaniment to a silk dress. Crêpe-de-chine is used a lot for hats of this type. It is stretched over a form and then stitched in a variety of designs and patterns. Appliqué in a contrasting colour is another form of adding ornament to hats made of crêpe or crêpe-de-chine, and painted designs, also in a contrasting colour, is another form. Most of the models show high crowns, and with narrowish brims turning up in the front. Ribbon and gros grain hats have been in favour for some time; they are still being worn but in new disguises. Gros grain of such a width is being used that it is possible to make an entire crown of a single width, and a brim of even less again. For the ribbon hats, a very narrow width is chosen, and this is woven into a basket weave or else arranged in a host of charming geometrical designs, squares, diamonds, and the like. The prettiest effects can be obtained in this way by choosing a number of ribbons of different shades and weaving them together, into fancy weaves or designs. The correct angle at which a hat should be worn continues to be perfectly straight on the head, any tilt either to one side or the other being fatal to its effect of chic.

(Continued at foot of next Column.)

HORIZONS.

DISCUSSING THE INDIVIDUAL POINT OF VIEW.

"How near to each other, how far away, we can be, how ignorant and blind! How circumscribed the individual point of view! Only thus can be explained much that is obscure, much that ought to seem incredible."

Frederick Sleath: *The Gold of the Sunset.*

When a speaker or a writer refers to a point of view, he usually means the circle of vision, for he is thinking of conditions which limit the range of the mental eye. The horizon is the only limit to the individual point of view, unless the sky be overcast. It may be a whimsical conceit, but it seems to me that "the individual point of view" is the same in all men; its latitude and longitude are invariable; and, strictly speaking, it cannot be used in the plural, for there is only one possible point of view to any and every individual, and that is the egocentric, a mathematical point as distinctly located as the North Pole on the map, and moreover, just as from the eye of the spectator at the North Pole all lines of vision lead due south, so all lines of vision from the egocentric point of view lead in but one direction. It follows that when we speak of the mental differences amongst individuals, we mean differences in the diameter of the horizon, not variations in the locale of the standpoint. It is within the circle of the horizon that we lay down the base-line for the triangulation of the universe as we see it. The wider the horizon the larger the mind, and the extent of the horizon depends upon the height of the eye above the level of the standpoint. That base-line is, in many cases, very short indeed, which is explained in the clumsy German-philosophic way, that the average man has too much ego in his cosmos. In common speech we confine the word horizon to the sky-line; as a matter of fact, the greater part of the actual horizon is infinity. All men have lines of vision that stretch to infinity, without what is called the horizon to interrupt them; many are unconscious of these, and never use them. They are equally unconscious of the fact that their horizon is merely a casual interruption of an infinite line of vision, on which there may be, and probably are, other potential objects of vision of greater interest and importance, and therefore accept the content of the horizon as the limit of vision, so far as they are concerned, and the measure of things visible.

These profound reflections were induced by a conversation which I had with a railway-man in a goods' yard last July, when the country was disturbed by the threat of a coal-strike with the co-operation of the railway and transport unions. "Surely you men will think twice before you lend a hand to this hold-up," said I. "You can't believe it is for your interest to starve the country, your own families included, and ruin the country's trade, which is in a very critical state as it is."

"Ah, well," he replied, "we'll have to come out, if we get our orders from the union."

"But isn't the country more to you than the union?"

"The country!" he retorted. "What has the country ever done for us?"

"It would take me longer to tell you what it has done for you than it would for you to tell me what it has not done."

"Humph!" said he incredulously.

"Well, your country has protected your life from infancy, educated you at its own charge, secured fair terms and reasonable conditions for your work, surrounded you with the conveniences and amenities of civilisation, and through its command of the sea supplies you daily with both necessities and luxuries that would be beyond your reach otherwise. Is that nothing?"

"But I'm a member of the union, and I take my orders from it."

"Think of the life you would have had, if you had been born a Hottentot, and not a Briton. Do you mean to say you owe nothing to your country?"

"He was not to be moved. 'If the union says we've to come out, out we'll come,' he repeated stubbornly. Incredible attitude, yet one that is assumed daily, and not only in the politico-economic sphere, by the dwellers in cramped hatches. There is a pathetic kind of loyalty in that railway-man's attitude, the loyalty of a mind with an extremely limited horizon, seeing only what is within its circle, dreaming of nothing beyond and one is forced to recognize how life's little loyalties may breed life's great treacheries. Education is supposed to widen the mental horizon; and England has had more than half a century of compulsory education. There is surely something wrong with the material or the methods, or both, of that education, when we find millions of our contemporaries living complacently within a horizon whose circle could easily be covered by a hearth-rug.

FOULDED RETURNING.

Foulard, as is its custom, is returning with the summer months and promise of holidays ahead. A use is being made of this material this year to which it has rarely been put during the many years of its popularity; it is being used as a smartest possible frock made of a plain blue material and trimmed with scraps of foulard figuring as yoke collar, cuffs, belt and pockets. Another view, rose-crepe, was trimmed with panels of foulard in the same shade, inset at the sides and pinning outlining the lines of the bodice.

(Continued at foot of next Column.)

THE GIRLS OF TO-DAY.

A GIRTON PIONEER HAS A RE-ASSURING VIEW.

Miss Lumsden, who is in her 84th year, is one of the three "Girton Pioneers" whose triumph in the Cambridge Tripos of 1872—the first year women were allowed to sit—is commemorated in the Girton National Anthem. She was the first classical tutor at Girton, and is now a governor. The D.B.E. was conferred upon her recently for her services to education.

"Here is a Girton pioneer, now 84, who really knew the penalties of being a woman in Victorian days; and she does not sigh for 'an imaginary past which, as she says, 'never existed.' Her finely-humoured and equable discussion of the girls of to-day is a model of tolerance and understanding."

"Before that fateful August of 1914 women were already in a transition state, and new conditions were gradually, though with discouraging slowness, shaping themselves," writes Dame Lumsden in the *Evening News*.

"Do the Early Victorian times, then, seem regrettable now, the days when women submitted with apparent indifference to be classed with children and lunatics; to have no voice in the government, national or local, under which they had to live; to be excluded from the great national centres of education, the universities, deeply indebted as these were to the generosity of women in the past; and, in theory at least, often amusingly contradicted in practice, to play an altogether subordinate part in life—do these times really seem worth regretting now?"

WORK, NOT EASE.

"Or, looking yet farther back, shall we regret the days of Jane Austen, when Mr. Darcy was divided between admiration of Elizabeth Bennet's brilliant complexion and disapproval of her having walked three miles alone? Or, in education, is Miss Pinkerton's assurance to Amelia Sedley's friends to be our model, that 'in music, in dancing, in orthography, and in every variety of embroidery and needlework she will be found to have realised their fondest wishes'?"

"No, assuredly, the world has moved since then. Our Elizabeth Bennets will walk ten miles and more unhampered by the muddy skirts which so shocked Miss Bingley. And our schools are undoubtedly giving to our girls a sound and thorough education, preparing them, not for a life of sheltered and unwholesome ease, but for one of active interests and practical work."

"True, we may not welcome some of the new developments. Women and girls have not escaped—how could they!—the new influences so powerful now everywhere, and perhaps especially so in our own country. We live in a world of feverish rush. Far more true now than in Matthew Arnold's days are his lines:—
But we, we rush from pole to pole,
And glance, and nod, and bustle by,
And never once possess our soul
Before we die."

"Is it, then, strange that the modern girl should be in a departure from old models and a problem to some of us?"

"The unanimous verdict of the elder women who know them as they really are, and the educational training of which they are partially at any rate the products; pronounces the girls and young women of our own day to be sound in heart and head and full of promise for the future."

"We can at any rate fearlessly assert that in our girls' schools—I mean, of course, in schools of the modern type—moral and intellectual training is given on absolutely sound lines."

"In the discipline of schools the girls themselves bear a part—the old system of distrust, the watching and spying by unhappy governesses, has given place to trust and honour on both sides. Sound learning has put mere accomplishments—once all in all for girls—into their fitting place, and the old dull crocodile walk, still remembered only too well by older women, has been ousted in the playgrounds by games which give health and vigour of body and invaluable character training, teaching endurance and courage and self-sacrifice in a worthy cause—all, in fact, that we mean by 'playing the game' for the game's sake."

"So trained in our schools, our young women for the most part go on to our universities, or it may very possibly be to some of the many technical colleges springing up now on all sides, and there they learn all sorts of useful arts, cooking, laundry, dressmaking, gardening, poultry-keeping, thus following the ideals of a much older time when the lady of the house, like the 'virtuous woman' of the Proverbs, was expected to be skilled enough to conduct all the labours of house and farm and garden. Surely an encouraging sign of the times."

"Moreover, there is no gain to the whole community as well as to the individual student through the opening of university and college life to women? There surely is."

THERE SURELY IS A GAIN.

"When they go out into a difficult world they may make mistakes (after all, are the young men of modern days faultless?), but certain it is that whether as teachers, or as social workers, or in business, or in political life, or in the most important task of all and the one which will come most readily to their hands, home-making, their value to the nation will more and more prove to be above price."

"No, do not let us regret an imaginary past which never really existed. The careful and undeviating use of the blackboard, recommended by Miss Pinkerton, and the crocodile walks produced only crooked spines and feeble health. Miss Cobbe, were she still among us, would not need now to deplore 'the little health of ladies.'"

(Continued at foot of next Column.)

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